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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Aguinaldo has appealed to the powers for recognition of Filipino independence. ——Capt. Otis has been relieved of his command in the Philippines. ——Weather Bureau reports the condition of cotton less promising than at the close of the previous week. ——Estimated that the gold output in the Klondike this year will be $40,000,000. ——President McKinley will return to Washington about the first of September. ——Revolutionary Dominican troops have seized the town of Dajabon; the garrison retired. —— Storm caused great damage on the island of Gaudeloupe. ——No new cases of yellow fever yesterday and no deaths from the disease in the infected district. ——The Dreyfus court martial is held in secret. ——Two suits have breen brought against the Southern railway for violation of the Jim Crow car law. ——Reported that Admiral Dewey will go to Rome and later visit London en route home. ——New York markets: Money on call steady at 3@4 per cent., the last loan being at 3½ per cent.; cotton quiet; middling uplands 6 3-16c; flour was moderately active but a shade easier; wheat—spot steady, No. 2 red 75c; corn—spot firm, No. 2 37½c; oats—spot quiet; options dull and easy; rosin firm; spirits turpentine firm at 44c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., August 8.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 80 degrees, 8 P. M., 80 degrees; maximum, 85 degrees; minimum, 73 degrees; mean, 79 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .0; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 2.35 inches.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 2.6 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Light to moderate showers are reported during the past 24 hours in all districts, excepting on the west Gulf. It was cooler yesterday in the Wilmington district. Generally clear weather prevails

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—For North Carolina—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday; warmer Wednesday in central portions; fresh winds mostly southerly.

Port Almanac—August 9.

Sun Rises	5.16 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.54 P. M.
Day's Length	13 H. 38 M.
High Water at Southport	9.42 P. M.
High Water, Wilmington	1.12 A. M.

A Maine man named Freeze had a suit of clothes cut by a tailor named Frost and sewed by a woman named Snow. A winter rig no doubt.

With 7,533,367 apple trees, 191,660 pear trees, 4,053,762 peach trees and 638,244 plum trees, all bearing, the State of Kansas ought to be long on fruit.

Li Hung Chang didn't neglect thrift while he peformed in the role of statesman. He is said to have accumulated $300,000,000. Li never would take anything he couldn't get away with.

The New York *Press* says his name is pronounced Elly-hue Root, not E-lie-hue. That's what we thought, but if he doesn't manage his job better than Alger did his name will be Dennis.

There are reports that the Czar of Russia has become tired of his job and is thinking of abdicating. Playing Czar is a very monotonous business, and not half as jolly as running a first-class newspaper.

A Portsmouth, Va., paper, in view of the proximity of Yellow Jack, advises the people to "keep clean, keep cool." Good advice even when there isn't any contagion hovering around.

The Baltimore *Herald* remarks that "the way General Alger's neighbors received him ought to give the country a better opinion of the late Secretary of War." Or a worse opinion of his neighbors.

One of the Goulds is in Detroit looking after the match business. If he doesn't make a better match than his sister Anna did when she tied herself to Castellaine, he had better go out of the business.

Some of the New York papers are discussing W. W. Astor's right to leave us and become a British subject. He had the right, of course, and if he felt more like a Briton than an American, as he did, he did right to exercise it.

Addicks, the gas manipulator of Delaware, has bought a tract of land in Arizona as large as the whole State of Delaware. As Addicks is a pretty smart sort of a fellow, if he bought a few more tracts like that, and succeeded in getting Arizona into the Union, he might stand a chance of realizing his ambition and worming into the U. S. Senate.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. W. B. Williamson, of Charlotte, is in the city.

— Mr. H. W. Scott, of Graham, is registered at The Orton.

— Mr. A. L. Henly, of Burlington, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. J. J. Crosswell, route agent of the Southern Express Company, is in the city.

— Messrs. J. L. Falls and E. F. Wilson, of Gastonia, arrived in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Leslie B. Wiggs left last night via the A. C. L. for a trip to Seven Springs and Norfolk, Va.

— Rev. Jno. Stanly Thomas left yesterday afternoon for Southport, where he conducted services last night.

— Mr. H. G. Stubbs, a prominent merchant at McDonald's Siding, near Ashpole, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. L. J. Merriman, of Ivanhoe, Sampson, county, was among the pleasant callers at the STAR office yesterday.

— Mr. W. H. Bell, of Shreveport, La., is in the city, visiting his father, Mr. W. K. Bell, 510 South Fifth street.

— Mr. G. M. Summerell and wife have returned from a very pleasant stay of several days at Cleveland Springs.

— Mr. W. L. Burns and wife, of Charlotte, who have been spending some time on Wrightsville Beach, returned home yesterday.

— Prof. J. B. Carlyle, of Wake Forest College, was in the city yesterday on his way to Lumberton in the interest of that institution.

— Mr. B. F. Keith is confined to his country home at Keith, N. C., with sickness. He has just returned from an extended business trip North.

— Mr. W. A. Bonitz, the genial clerk at the Bonitz Hotel, returned yesterday from his vacation, which he spent at his old home in Washington, D. C.

— Miss Bobbie Croom and two cousins, Misses Zenie and Exie Croom, of Burgaw, came down on the excursion from up the Northeast river yesterday.

— Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Norwood, of Greenville, S. C., are in the city, the guest of heir son, Mr. J. W. Norwood, president of the Atlantic National Bank.

— Mr. C. E. Foy, of Newbern, arrived in the city yesterday and spent last night the guest of Mr. James H. Chadbourn, Jr., at his cottage on Wrightsville Beach.

— Mrs. T. S. Lutterloh, Mrs. F. L. Utley, Mr. O. Bernard and Mr. R. B. Lutterloh, of Fayetteville, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon and are guests at The Orton.

— Dr. E. Porter, of Rocky Point, arrived in the city yesterday and will attend the meeting of the directors of the North Carolina Truck and Fruit Growers' Association to-day.

— Mr. John R. Hanby, of the car department of the Atlantic Coast Line, returned yesterday morning from a trip to Savannah. Mrs. Hanby and child are visiting relatives there.

— Misses Hattie Struthers and Lydia Yates returned yesterday from the National Teachers' Assembly at Los Angeles, California, and an extended trip to places of interest in the West. They were away for six weeks and enjoyed a delightful trip.

Capt. T. D. Meares and family who have been guests at Ocean View Hotel the past month moved up to their town residence on Market street yesterday. They had expected to spend some time yet on the Beach and changed their plans on account of the illness of Master Richard Meares.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. B. Cooper—Fresh cakes.
Jas. D. Nutt—Bathing caps.
Leon L. Corbett—Take notice.

Assaulted With An Axe.

Patrolmen Ward and Smith last night arrested Jim Morgan, colored, for a forcible trespass upon the premises of Joe Noye, in Hutaff's alley, in the southern section of the city.

Morgan broke into the yard and house of Noye about 6 o'clock last night and violently demanded if there was a certain negro woman there. Noye met his assailant with a club axe and dealt him several severe blows, but the proverbial hardness of the negro's head came out a winner and Morgan was escorted to the guard house with only slight injuries. The case will be heard in the Municipal Court this morning.

Justice McGowan's Court.

W. Brown, colored, was bound over to the Criminal Court by Justice McGowan yesterday in the sum of $50 to answer the charge of assault and battery with a deadly weapon. Other cases tried yesterday were: Henry Williams, colored, assault and battery and disorderly conduct; thirty days in jail for non-payment of fine. Paul Brown, colored, abandonment; not probable cause and prosecutor, Mary J. Brown, taxed with costs. After the trial Justice McGowan performed the marriage ceremony for the defendant in the action and a colored woman other than the prosecutor in the case for abandonment.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency will sell for cash, or will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington, a farm of 272 acres, three miles from Rose Hill. Address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C. †

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Cases for Stealing Brasses From W. and W. Railroad Tried Yesterday.

NEGRO BOYETTE CONVICTED.

Pearsall Now On Trial—Boy Convicted of Stealing a Watch—Court to Adjourn This Week — Rushing Jail Cases.

The cases of most public interest called for trial yesterday in the Circuit Criminal Court were those against W. H. Boyette and Jas. Pearsall, both colored, for stealing a brass pump and other fixtures from the W. and W. Railroad. The jury returned a verdict of guilty in the case of Boyette and the case against Pearsall is now pending, very nearly all the evidence having been taken before the court took a recess yesterday afternoon.

Mr. J. M. Gordon, a well known commission merchant of Richmond, Va., Mr. M. Kelley, of Richmond, and Col. O'Brien, of Manchester, are here and testified in the case against Boyette.

Mr. Gordon testified that Boyette shipped the pump to him last May with a quantity of old brass, and that he sold it to Mr. Kelley. Mr. Kelley, in turn, testified, that he turned the pump over to Col. O'Brien, as agent for the W. and W. Railroad Company. There is another case against Boyette for receiving brasses stolen from the W. and W. and W., C. and A. railroads, which will probably be called to-day.

The case against Jas. Pearsall, colored, is for stealing brasses, and will be concluded this morning.

The only other case disposed of yesterday was that against Eugene Nixon, colored, charging him with stealing a watch from T. G. Landin. The jury rendered a verdict of guilty.

Court will only continue through this week and Judge Battle and the court officers are exerting every effort to dispose of all the cases in that time. There remain about twenty cases for trial, the defendants in which are now in jail. These will have precedence over all others. It is expected that it will be necessary to continue very few if any cases, and certainly none in which the defendants are "jail birds."

QUARANTINE BEING ENFORCED

Two Norfolk Sailors Without Health Certificates Required to Leave the City—Other Notes

The quarantine against the infected yellow fever district and the city of Norfolk is still being maintained by Wilmington's health department and each officer is still at his post of duty guarding the railroad approaches to the city.

Dr. McMillan, Superintendent of Health, says that while there is no probability of an epidemic here, he can't say when the quarantine will be raised, but certainly not for several days. In the event the Norfolk health authorities become lax in their enforcement of quarantine against Hampton and other stricken towns, as it is reported they will do in a few days, Dr. McMillan says Wilmington's quarantine will all the more rigidly be enforced and no travellers will be admitted with or without health certificates.

Yesterday afternoon Chief Quarantine Officer Green's attention was called by ex-Mayor W. N. Harriss to two sailors who had disembarked from the schooner *Cora C. Meader* at Southport and who had found their way up to the city. The sailors shipped on the *Meader* from Norfolk seventeen dyas ago and were without health certificates. They were speedilly captured and one of them was made to leave town on last evening's train and the second was locked in the city prison and he also will be made to depart or return to the schooner this morning.

ON CAROLINA BEACH TO-DAY.

Howard Relief Fire Engine Co.'s Excursion—Bowling, Shooting and Other Contests—Club Hop To-night.

The annual excursion by the Howard Relief Fire Engine Company to Carolina Beach will be run to-day on the steamer *Wilmington*. The boat will leave for the beach at 6 and 9.15 A. M. and at 5.15 and 7.30 P. M., the last boat leaving the beach probably about 11 o'clock.

During this afternoon there will be a number of interesting features of entertainment, notable among them being bowling and shooting contests; valuable first and second prizes are offered for both. The first prizes are handsome rocking chairs and the second, silk umbrellas of an excellent quality. The Second Regiment Band will go down during the afternoon and render a concert. To-night there will be a delightful hop at Hanover Seaside Club. Altogether to-day will be one of the gayest on Carolina Beach for quite a while.

Compliment to Miss Zachary.

Miss Ida Brown daughter of Mr. C. C. Brown of this city, gave a delightful boat party on the steamer *Wilmington* last night, complimentary to her guest Miss Ethel Zachary of Raleigh. There was a large company of participants and the event was a complete success. They went down to the pier on the 7.30 o'clock boat, returning to the city about 10.30.

BOARD HOSPITAL MANAGERS.

August Meeting Held Yesterday Afternoon. The Superintendent's Monthly Report. Other Routine Business.

The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Hospital Managers was held yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock, those present being Col. Roger Moore, chairman, Captain John Barry, Mr. Gabriel Holmes and Aldermen Springer and Spencer. Dr. C. P. Bolles, Superintendent of the Hospital, was also present and submitted his report as follows:

Twenty-three patients were treated during July, twelve of the number being white and eleven colored. Five were pay patients and the remaining were charity patients. Patients remaining in the hospital June 30th, 8; admitted during the month, 15; total 23. Eleven patients were discharged during the month and two died, leaving 10 in the hospital July 31st. Pay patients were treated in the aggregate 60 days and charity patients 281. The average cost per capita per day for patients and attendants was 15 cents.

Capt. John Barry, of the visiting committee, reported that he had inspected the buildings and grounds and recommended the white washing of some of the buildings and the laying of some terra cotta piping.

Dr. Bolles reported that he had secured the services of Miss Almead Bailey, of Waycross, Ga., as head nurse and that she was filling the position in a very satisfactory manner.

The visiting committee was asked to examine the roof of the main building for the purpose of ascertaining the extent of repairs needed.

Capt. Barry recommended that an old partially burned building on the grounds be torn down and the material sold to best advantage. The matter was deferred until next meeting. It was thought best at one time to repair the building but it has now about been decided to have it removed.

TO SAVE THE PARTIALLY DROWNED.

Efficacy of Salt in Reviving the Apparently Dead—A Suggestion.

As the seashore resorts are now thronged with visitors, sojourning to escape the intense heat of the interior, and as most of the visitors frequent the surf, the STAR is asked "to suggest to the hotels, clubs, and owners of private residences, that they at once lay in a supply of rock alum salt and have located at a convenient point on the shore, a box sufficiently large to admit a human body with room sufficient to pack salt enough to restore the individual to life, so that the same may be resorted to in case of an emergency. It is suggested that the box be made rectangular; rather than in the shape of a coffin; so that the resuscitated individual may have more pleasant environment when coming to life. What calls forth these suggestions is the following article taken from the St. Louis *Republic*:"

WASHINGTON, August 4.—Harbor Master Sutton of this district has been making some interesting experiments in restoring to life partially drowned persons. As cases of drowning do not occur daily some time will be required to demonstrate Colonel Sutton's theory, but if it proves to be correct a very simple and valuable aid to saving life will be available.

Some time ago Colonel Sutton's attention was called to the efficacy of salt in reviving the apparently dead from drowning. He made several experiments with insects, small animals and fishes and became satisfied that there was genuine merit in the discovery. Then he extended his tests in two cases where men were taken from the water dead to all appearances and failing to respond to the most heroic and persistent remedies as usually applied. In these he was successful in restoring life, and now has such hopes of further developing the treatment that he has on hand ready for urgent need a plentiful supply of common rock salt. When all other treatment has failed, Colonel Sutton believes that placing the subject in a box, with salt packed closely about all portions of the body, leaving only the nose and mouth exposed to the air, will work apparent miracles.

THE LAST CANOE RACES.

By Carolina Canoe Club Will be Sailed Friday and Saturday.

It is expected that the final races of the season by the Carolina Canoe Club, in the contest for the handsome silver cups, will be sailed Friday and Saturday afternoons in the Banks channel race course. The races will doubtless excite considerable interest as the result will determine the winners of the club cups. As the score now stands the *Dolphin* is six points ahead in the contest for the cup offered the winning canoe of the first class. And the *Reckless* is well in the lead as the winner of the prize for the fastest canoe of the second class.

Schedule B Delinquents.

Sheriff MacRae yesterday furnished to the grand jury a list of thirty-one persons and heads of corporations who have failed to comply with the Schedule B tax provision of the Revenue and Machinery Act and who are liable to indictment under the requirements of said act, The sheriff dislikes very much to have any friction in the collection of these taxes, but he is compelled by law to furnish the solicitor through the grand jury with the list mentioned, and yesterday was the last opportunity he would have had to hand it in, as it is very probable the grand jury will finish up its work this morning. Several delinquents settled up in full yesterday and had their names stricken from the list.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency is prepared to give prompt and efficient service to all persons wishing to sel. farms or town property. Address Rl G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C. †

LOCAL DOTS.

— Ex-Fireman H. L. Peterson has accepted a position as motorman for the Street Railway Company.

— Justice Fowler investigated one trivial matter in his court yesterday, judgment having been suspended.

— Cape Fear Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F., conferred the initiatory degree on one candidate at its regular meeting last night.

— The directors of the Merchants' Association will meet in regular monthly session this afternoon at 3.30 o'clock.

— About 250 people went down to Carolina Beach yesterday on the excursion given by Fifth Street Methodist Sunday school.

— There was an additional advance in spirits turpentine on the local market yesterday, the closing quotations being 46½@47 cents per gallon, the highest prices offered in several years.

— Special Policeman T. H. Gilliken has been elected to fill the vacancy in the fire department, caused by the resignation of James Grady, who refused to serve upon his election Monday.

— Mr. Thad. F. Tyler, to whom the contract was awarded by the city for the building of the pest houses near the old race track, says that he hopes to complete the work not later than September 1st.

— A letter received yesterday from Col. K. M. Murchison by a friend in the city announces that he and party would sail on Saturday, August 5th, from Southampton on the American liner *St. Paul*.

— A party of about fifty excursionists arrived on the steamer *E. A. Hawes* from Clear Run and other points up Black river at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. They will return on the *Hawes* this afternoon.

— The drain from the Rock Spring, near corner of Water and Chesnut streets, was filled with sand during the excessive rains last week. A part of the street force was engaged yesterday in opening it to the river.

— Superintendent of Streets J. A. Perry, with his extra force of one hundred street laborers, made very satisfactory progress on the drainage work near the Second Advent Church, on South Sixth street, yesterday. He will probably complete the work to-morrow.

HIRAM BOBBITT WILLIAMS.

Sad Death of Former Young Wilmingtonian at Georgetown, S. C.—The Funeral Yesterday Afternoon.

News of the death of Mr. Hiram B. Williams, son of Capt. and Mrs. J. H. Williams, which occurred Monday afternoon at 5 o'clock in Georgetown, S. C., was received in the city yesterday morning, and his remains were brought here for interment yesterday afternoon on the 1.15 o'clock W., C. & A. train.

Mr. Williams was aged about 21 years and was well and favorably known in Wilmington, having served with Wilmington Division Naval Reserves on the *Nantucket* while she was in commission during the late war. At the time of his death he was engineer on the tug *Martha Helen*, stationed at Georgetown, doing river and harbor improvement work for the government. It was while working on board this boat that he was stung or bitten by some poisonous insect, which threw him into an illness from which he died.

Capt. and Mrs. Williams were at his bedside during his illness and accompanied the remains here yesterday.

Deceased leaves a father, mother, three sisters, Misses Sudie, Lillian and Mamie Williams, of Wilmington, and a number of other relatives in the city, who have the tenderest sympathy of many friends in the loss they have suffered. He was a nephew of Mrs. C. M. Harriss, Capt. Edgar D. Williams, of Wilmington, and Mrs. Alexander Sholar, of Savannah, Ga. He was also a cousin of Mrs. M. C. Guthrie and Mrs. Carrie Burriss, of Southport, all of whom attended the funeral from the family residence on Fourth, between Nun and Church streets, yesterday afternoon at 5.30 o'clock.

The services at the funeral were conducted by Rev. Jno. H. Hall, pastor of Fifth Street M. E. Church, and the interment was at Oakdale cemetery, the pall-bearers being Messrs. David LeGwin, Willie Platt, C. H. O'Berry and Fitzhugh Gibson.

The floral tributes were profuse and very pretty.

Steamer Hurt Delayed.

The steamer *A. P. Hurt*, from Fayetteville to Wilmington, did not arrive on schedule time yesterday but is expected down to-day. Mr. James Madden, the local agent here, has no official information as to any accident that has happened, but it is probable that some slight mishap has occasioned her delay about Elizabethtown. On board the *Hurt* are the following visitors to Wilmington and the beaches: Mrs. W. S. Cook, Miss Kate Mitchell, Miss Nettie Davis, Mrs. Geo. L. Moran, Mrs. O. B. Wightman, Misses Charlotte and Irene Wightman, Masters Robt. and Connor Holland, Miss Mary Hill Ahearn, of Fayetteville; Mr. Thomas Green, of Whitehall and Mr. W. H. Sullivan, of Raleigh.

Persons wishing to locate in the truck region of North Carolina should correspond with the East Carolina Real Estate Agency, Burgaw, N. C. Read advertisement in the STAR. †

JIM-CROW CAR LAW.

Two Suits for Damages Against the Southern Railway Company.

SPLENETIC FEVER CONDITIONS

Provisions of the New Insurance Law. Circular From Commissioner Young. Smallpox in Richmond County. A Grain Elevator.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., August 8.

A study of splenetic fever conditions in this State is to be made, under direction of the United States Department of Agriculture, with a view to changing the Federal quarantine line. This has been asked by the State Board of Agriculture, and to this end Mr. Sedden, a veterinarian, has been sent here by the Bureau of Animal Industry at Washington. He will confer with Dr. Cooper Curtice, the State veterinarian, and together they will make a tour of the State, systematically studying splenetic fever conditions. It is hoped, as a result, to have the quarantine line changed from its present location on the top of the Blue Ridge to the State line between Georgia and South Carolina. With the line at its present location it is often disregarded by cattle dealers and others in South Carolina and Georgia. They drive tick-infected cattle into North Carolina, scattering disease all along the route. Only to-day a letter was received from a man at Linville Falls, on the top of the Blue Ridge, complaining of this and saying that the cattle there were dying in great numbers from splenetic fever.

Circular to Insurance Companies.

Insurance Commissioner Young has issued a circular letter calling attention of life insurance companies to certain provisions of the new insurance law: (1) That the commissioners must have copies of all contracts in use by companies, so that he may furnish them to any citizen of the State upon application; (2) that every company must file a copy of its charter, by-laws and rules referred to in its policies; (3) that it is unlawful to pay or allow any rebate or premium or other special favor not specified in the policy; (4) that no contract of insurance can be made without a medical examination; (5) returns of gross receipts must be made for taxation twice a year.

The Willardville Hosiery Mills here began running last night on extra time in order to keep up with its growing business. Orders are growing in excess of the mill's day capacity and it will run at night until all orders are filled.

To Build a Grain Elevator.

The stockholders and directors of the Farina Flour Mills here held a meeting yesterday to complete arrangments for the erection of a $3,500 grain elevator. Also it was decided to issue $1,500 of preferred stock—this last on account of the fact that $1,500 worth of new machinery has just been put in.

Revenue officers captured three large moonshine stills and two moonshiners in Johnston and Nash counties Saturday night.

Smallpox in Richmond.

One case of smallpox is reported in Richmond county. The patient is a negro that has just returned from Cuba, where he has been in the United States army.

The First North Carolina regiment will not go on a practice march this Smmer, as has been reported. The companies of the regiment have not received their equipment, and by the time they are equipped it will be too late to make the march.

The Hoge Irvine Company, of Kinston, is incorporated, with a capital stock of $6,000. It will deal in leaf tobacco.

A negro boy named Charles Alston, who was beating his way from Norfolk, jumped or fell from a passenger train near Franklinton Sunday night and was killed. His home was near Kittrell.

A woman at Hillsboro has given birth to triplets.

The Crop Bulletin

For the week ending Monday, August 7th, says that notwithstanding a few unsatisfactory reports, it is impossible not to be impressed with the present favorable outlook for crops as indicated by the remarks of crop correspondents. Cotton continues generally in excellent condition, and where injured by drought has improved since the rains. It is shedding considerably, but the damage must be confined to limited areas, as only 17 per cent. of the total reports received mention shedding. The amount of rust is insignificant. In the extreme south a few bolls have opened. Tobacco has advanced favorably; the early crop is maturing in the north-central portion and late crop is making good weed; topping is over. The cures of tobacco have been generally successful, and the dry, warm weather was favorable for the work.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

Two Suits Against the Southern R. R.

Two suits have been brought against the Southern railway for failure to provide separate accommodations for passengers, as provided by the "Jim Crow" car law. The complainant in one case is E. M. Nadal, of Wilson; in the other case it is a man named Patterson, of Smithfield. Damages are also asked in both cases for an assault by a conductor, who attempted to force them into a second-class car with negroes. These are the first cases of the kind in the State.

Steamship Sagamore.

The Clyde steamship *New York*, with Capt. Ingram as master, was expected to arrive here yesterday, but the *Sagamore* has been assigned for this trip to Wilmington and is expected early this morning. This will be the initial trip of the *Sagamore* to Wilmington, she having been on the Charleston run from New York heretofore. The *New York*, with passenger facilities is, however, expected to arrive Saturday and will be run regularly to this port until the *Clyde's* repairs are complete.

Read the advertisement of the Eas Carolina Real Estate Agency in thi issue of the STAR. It offers for sals some very valuable farms. †

LAST COMPLIMENTARY SAIL.

On the Pleasure Seeker at Wrightsville Beach—Given Monday Night—Witnessed Meteoric Phenomenon.

A complimentary boating party was given Monday night on Mr. Clarence D. Maffitt's yawl boat, the *Pleasure Seeker*, in honor of Mrs. J. B. Broadfoot, of Fayetteville, Miss Daisy Holt, of Burlington, and Mr. and Mrs. Walter Holt, of Fayetteville. The sail was on Banks' channel. While they were out the party witnessed the remarkable phenomena in the heavens which has been so much talked of in this city and vicinity. Members of the party say they at first thought it was a flash of lightning, but that the light continued for several seconds, emanating from a meteoric body high in the heavens, apparently the shape of a conch shell, many colored lights flashing out in every direction.

Referring to the *Pleasure Seeker*, it will be of interest to note that Mr. Maffitt sailed her from Wrightsville Beach down the coast to the mouth of the Cape Fear and up to the city yesterday. He reports a very pleasant run, with light head winds. Two negro men assisted Mr. Maffitt in sailing the boat.

RUTHERFORDTON EXCURSION.

Arrived Too Late Last Night to Take the Steamer for Carolina Beach—Features of the Programme.

The excursion from Rutherfordton and Charlotte, under the management of Rev. S. F. Conrad, arrived here last night a few minutes past 8 o'clock, too late to take the steamer *Wilmington* for Carolina Beach, as a great many of the excursionists had intended to do.

Rev. Mr. Conrad, with a large number of the excursionists, stopped at the Fulton House, and during the evening he treated them to quite a pleasant phonographic concert, using the most improved Edison instrument. The various selections were plainly audible for more than a square on Front street and attracted large numbers of people on the street, who gathered in front of the building and listened with much interest. The excursion train yesterday brought 200 people. They will go to sea on the steamer *Wilmington* at 9:15 o'clock this morning, will probably spend to-night on Wrightsville Beach, and will leave for their homes to-morrow at 5 o'clock.

Justice Bornemann's Court.

G. W. Beamon was tried yesterday by Justice Bornemann for criminal carelessness in running his bicycle into Joe Meier on Castle street Monday night. He was at first fined $10, but at the solicitation of the prosecutor, the fine was remitted and he was discharged upon payment of costs. Edward Willis, colored, who had just been liberated from the county jail was arraignedfor cursing violently and abusing Mary Smith, also colored. He was sent to jail to await trial this morning at 8 o'clock.

Peace Institute.

Prof. James Dinwiddie, A. M., principal of Peace Institute, Raleigh, spent several hours in the city yesterday and was a welcome caller at the STAR office. The STAR is glad to learn that there is every prospect that Peace Institute will open the Fall term with even a much larger attendance than last year. It is a splendid school, eminently worthy of the splendid success attained.

Grand Encampment I. O. O. F.

Grand Scribe B. J. Jacobs, Grand Inside Sentinel L. L. Boon and Representative R. J. Jones, of Campbell Encampment No 1, left yesterday afternoon to attend the session of the Grand Encampment Independent Order of Odd Fellows which convenes in Charlotte this morning.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

TAKE NOTICE.

The public is hereby notified that Wilmington Division Naval Reserves will pay no bills contracted by any person except upon written order from Treasurer of Division, upon authority of Finance Committee.

LEON L. CORBETT, President.
W. R. MIDDLETON, Treasurer.
aug 9 1t

CARS TO HILTON PARK
Daily
From 5.00 to 10.00 P. M.
aug 6 3t

At The Unlucky.
SPEAKING of Tea.
I am selling a blended Tea for 35c that beats the world and cannot be replaced for 40c.
Try it.
Don't you love Stuffed Mango Pickles? We have them, and my, don't they taste good.
A rasher of Bacon, cut from one of our delicious "Harvey" Strips, will make your mouth water. So crisp and delicate.
My 'Phones are 109.
S. W. SANDERS.
jy 18 tf

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR HOME BEER.
Pure and Mild. Ask for Wiener Export and take no other. Best in town.
Home Brewing Co., RICHMOND, VA.
Wilmington Branch,
DAVID CONNELL, Manager.
jy 9 tf 114 North Water street

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Murchison National Bank,
With Capital $200,000, furnishes its customers with the best facilities at all times, because in watching their interests it is serving its own.
No philanthropy about it,
It's Business.
Foreign Exchange, Letters of Credit, or anything in the banking line.
H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.
jy 27 tf

We Can and Will
We Can
Sell you goods in our line of best quality and we can make prices much lower than some would-be competitors, and we guarantee full satisfaction.
We Will
Give you such odds as will enable you to increase your business if you offer them to the consumer—instead of trying to meet some low quality and price competitor. Farseeing merchants don't practice this short sighted policy. We sell
Winchester Hams and Picnics.
Squire's Pig Bellies,
"Seal" brand Leaf Lard
and all kinds Canned Meats.
WE ARE OVERRUN WITH ORDERS FOR
"Cuban Blossom"..... 5c Cigar
"Santa Bana,"..... 5c Cigar
"El Capitan General"....10c Cigar
We carry all brands Cheroots and Cigarettes and solicit your enquiries.
VOLLERS & HASHAGEN.
jy 2 tf

GERMANIA.
PORTLAND CEMENT,
HOFFMAN ROSINDALE CEMENT,
ANCHOR LINE.
STANDARD BAGGING,
STANDARD TIES.
Virginia Water Ground Meal.
BEST GROCERIES,
BEST PRICES,
BEST TERMS.
THE WORTH CO.
jy 14 tf

S. P. McNAIR,
Wholesale Grocer,
North Water Street.
OFFERS FOR SALE
FLOUR.
RIB SIDES.
D. S. PLATES.
PURE LARD.
LARD COMPOUND.
STAR LYE.
MENDELSON'S LYE.
TOMSON'S LYE.
CRACKERS.
PIC-NIC CHEESE.
SUGAR.
COFFEE.
Rust Proof Oats.
September Mullets.
au 1 tf

Have Just Received for Monday's Trade.
FANCY SOFT PEACHES FOR CREAM, FANCY DELAWARE AND NIAGARA GRAPES, FLORIDA PINEAPPLES AND
ALSO A NICE LINE OF CHOCOLATE CANDY
20c to 40c per lb.
TRY A SAMPLE POUND.
'PHONE YOUR ORDERS FOR ICE CREAM.
JNO. W. PLUMMER, Jr.
aug 6 tf

To the Public.
The J. L. Hill Printing Co. announces that the canvass for names of the residence districts for their forthcoming City Directory of Wilmington will soon be completed. Their solicitors will shortly begin their canvass in the business part of the city. The work will be carefully and conscientiously done by men of many years experience, and the public are assured of a most worthy and useful publication. In view of this fact and that it has the substantial endorsement of many leading citizens, they respectfully ask the support of the merchants and professional men generally.
The public are also earnestly requested to notify us if any contemplated changes of residence, dissolution of firms or any other information in our line, which they desire should be properly presented, by sending same to our Wilmington manager, General Delivery.
Respectfully,
J. L. HILL PRINTING CO.
A. J. BRAUNE,
Manager Wilmington Branch.
au 6 3t

Bagging and Ties.
3000 Rolls Bagging.
5000 Bundles Cotton Ties.
2000 Bushels Good Milling Corn.
375 Bags Coffee.
65000 Pounds Hoop Iron.
1000 Kegs Nails.
And several car-loads of other Groceries Buyers in my line will do well to get my prices before buying. I can save them money.
D. L. GORE,
Wholesale Grocer,
jy 23 tf Wilmington, N. C.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve month, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops Picnics, Society Meetings, Political meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON. N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 9.

LEAGUING AGAINST THE UNITED STATES.

A short while ago it was reported that the Republics of Central and South America were discussing the formation of a league to resist the apprehended aggressions of the United States. It has been denied that any such movement was on foot, and the denial may be accepted, as these Republics could scarcely yet be alarmed to that extent by the expansion talk that has been indulged in by the administration organs. The fact, however, that such a league has occurred to any one and been discussed even as a remote contingency has more significance than on first thought might be apparent. It indicates a disposition on the part of the people South of us to look upon this country as a dangerous neighbor if not as an actual enemy, whereas they had always looked upon it as their friend and protector, especially since the declaration of the Monroe Doctrine.

This is unfortunate because it alienates people with whom our relations have been cordial, and puts stumbling blocks in the way of the commercial intercourse we were endeavoring to establish with them. To put us in a position to insure this and hold it when the trade had been established is one of the principal arguments in support of the construction of the Nicaragua canal, which would put us in a commanding position to control the trade and defy competition coming from other countries. Other things being equal these people preferred to trade with us, and even with the disadvantages against us resulting from the protective tariff we were making pretty fair progress in extending our trade in these countries.

But it is needless to say that if the people of those countries get the idea into their heads that we have designs on their territory and are nursing aspirations of expansion in their direction, they will have little disposition henceforth to welcome Americans, or to encourage the strengthening of commercial relations. That's the possible harm in expansion talk even from a purely business standpoint.

This talk about the South and Central American league had scarcely been denied when the report comes from London that there is a movement on foot in Europe to form a union of several of the leading countries against the United States, the reason alleged being that this country has now become a factor in European politics. If there be any truth in this report—which is much more plausible than the reported movement for a league between the countries south of us—the intimate relations that have sprung up between this country and Great Britain since the war with Spain has doubtless much to do with it, for it is a well known fact that of all the European powers the only one that was friendly to us in the inception of and while that war was in progress was Great Britain. It is also pretty apparent that those nations now regard an alliance between these two governments as in actual existence. Nations take into account contingencies and look a long way ahead in shaping their policies and in making their combinations, and whether it is the intention to form such a union at the present time as is referred to, there is nothing at all improbable in it as one of the future developments.

As long as we kept on this side of the globe the nations of Europe however jealous they might be of us, had nothing to fear from us for they had no schemes to carry out on this hemisphere and we were, therefore, not in their way, but when we crossed to the other side of the globe, and began to show a disposition to introduced our ideas and systems then we did get in their way for they all have their plans and schemes to carry out there. The motives that move them are both political and commercial. They see American commerce invading the field that they had been looking upon as their own, and they see American political ideas moving Eastward and branching out, and they see behind all this the manipulating hand of British cunning, encouraging the the power whose alliance it has been playing for and may need to carry out the schemes hatched in British brains.

Assuming that there may possibly be some truth in the report, it is one of the consequences of the expansion policy entered upon by the McKinley administration when it planted the flag on the Philippines and declared it must remain there. We had given the monarchies of Europe to understand that they must keep off this hemisphere and not satisfied with that we deliberately crossed to the other side of the globe, pulled down the flag of a monarchy, raised our flag, and gave the world notice that a Republic was to spring up whether under our flag or some other flag that we approved of. That was the beginning of another "irrepressible conflict," this time not between freedom and slavery, but between two antagonistic systems—democracy and monarchy.

That's the way they look at it, and that's why there may be a contemplated movement to get together and make common cause against this new aggressive power. Antagonizing the leading nations of Europe (save Great Britain, which is playing her own game in her own way) by the new departure in expansion, this country assumes mighty responsibilities, the outcome of which no man can see.

"UNDOUBTEDLY TRUE."

The Washington *Post* is an expansion paper and a zealous supporter of the expansion policy of the Administration. In commenting upon an anti-Philippine-war editorial which recently appeared in the Atlanta *Journal* it says:

"It is undoubtedly true that millions of good Americans regret that we have the Philippines on our hands. It is probable that, if our statesmen had foreseen the trouble that has occurred and the consequences involved in taking the sovereignty of the Philippines, a very different treaty would have been negotiated at Paris. Hindsight is, as a rule, far more enlightening than foresight. One of the reasons, and a very strong one, why the administration insisted on acquiring that sovereignty was that to do otherwise would be to leave Aguinaldo and his associates, who were traitors and outlaws in their relation to Spain to the tender mercy of the Spanish government.

"But it is useless to discuss the reasons why we are in the Philippines. There we are, and there our flag is assailed by a very small faction of the millions of whom the *Journal* speaks. We are there as one of the results of a grandly successful war, a war that advanced this republic many degrees in the sun dial of the world's respect and gave us good, solid reasons for increased respect of ourselves."

It is "undoubtedly true that millions of good Americans regret that we have the Philippines on our hands." They have very good reason to regret it. It is also undoubtedly true that if "our statesmen had foreseen the consequences involved in taking the sovereignty of the Philippines a very different treaty would have been negotiated in Paris." But having got into the mess, is there no way out but fighting out? Has that been demonstrated? Having blundered must we persist on the line of blundering, without trying to find some way out that would be honorable to us, and that the men we have made enemies by our blundering policy could accept without an absolute surrender of their manhood? Why not tell them frankly and honestly what our intentions are, and thus relieve them from any misapprehensions under which they may be laboring, and thus give them less cause to resist and less justification in resisting us. It is said that a "statesman" is needed over there, which may be true, but there is also frankness and square dealing needed at Washington quite as much or more than a statesman at Manila.

A large and vicious bull in Pennsylvania which had become wearied of the monotonous amusement of chasing boys and men, concluded he would vary the programme by taking a tilt with a locomotive. He did. A locomotive to which was attached a freight train came bounding along at full speed. Bull spied it, took position square on the track, pawed some, switched his tail, snorted and made a lunge head on. The locomotive went partly off the track, the bull went up in the air, and now there isn't any "large and vicious bull" in that immediate vicinity.

The New Orleans *Picayune* proposes to solve the race problem by distributing the 8,000,000 negroes in the South among the 60,000,000 white people in the North. Good plan. But who is going to do the distributing?

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other. †

NOT THE THING FOR THE NEGRO

Rev. G. W. W. Jenkins, Presiding Elder of the North Baltimore District M. E. Church, who is now conducting a revival among the colored people of Abington, Md., not only points out the way they should walk spiritually, but gives them some good, solid advice on other matters not appertaining strictly to religion. In a recent sermon, speaking of politics, he said:

"Politics is not the thing for the negro. Politics will make him no better, especially while he has only one eye open and can see but one side of the question, and that side is the never filled promise of office holding. The wrongly taught man must be anything else but a wise man. We want to lift you up and the only way to do it is from a Christian standpoint, teaching you to be subject to the powers that be, for that we are ordained of God. I tell you politics has degraded and damned many a man, and that is clear from the manner in which we engage in politics. Politics will damn the race. I am really sick and ashamed of hearing so much of discrimination in politics There is no man so discriminated against as the man who discriminates against himself—I mean against his own interest. Therefore, come now into the church and take a header in Christianity and become Christianly intelligent, industrious, honest and very strongly moral; become manly, independent. By all means take the first step, young men, become Christianly obedient, obey the law; admire the good, and then Heaven will smile, the nation will admire, and the negro will be helped and lifted."

There is Solomonic wisdom running all through this, and it shows that the man who uttered it has not been a careless observer of the way his race has been used in politics, and the damage done to them as a race by such prostitution.

As we have had occasion to remark heretofore the negroes have of late been receiving much good advice from thoughtful men of their own race, who comprehend the situation and understand the obstacles that confront the race in the work of self-betterment. The remarkable thing is that they have not received more of it and sooner. But it is a hopeful sign that there are other earnest, zealous men who have had their eyes opened and are walking in the path blazed by Booker T. Washington.

THE STATE'S FINANCES.

The State Treasurer has issued the following statement as to receipts and disbursements of public funds for the first eight months of 1899, ending July 31st:

RECEIPTS.

Dec. 1, 1898, balance in Treasury	$ 185,279.91
Dec. 1, received this month	31,954.84
Jan. 31, 1899, received this month	139,991.55
Feb. 28, 1899, received this month	170,576.70
Mar. 31, 1899, received this month	139,814.02
April 30, 1899, received this month	77,080.47
May 31, 1899, received this month	138,057.14
June 30, 1899, received this month	184,485,80
July 31, 1899, received this month	169,822 09
Total resources	$1.237,062.42

DISBURSEMENTS.

December, 1898	173,520.92
January, 1899	155,080.64
February, 1899	147,401.64
March, 1899	144,155.98
April, 1899	84,463.65
May, 1899	151,117.97
June, 1899	98,699.93
July, 1899	171,791.51
Balance	110,930.25
Total	$1,237,062.49

In the above is included:

Receipts from prison bonds sold	$ 120,202.50
Disbursed, old debts	55,044 95
Balance bond fund	$ 65,157.55
Balance public fund	45,772.70
Total balance as above	$ 110,930.25

Disbursements same period in previous years compare as follows:

1895, public fund	$ 989,891.06
1896, public fund	857,997.60
1897, public fund	913,811.62
1898, public fund	884,486.20
1899, public fund	1,071,087.29
1899, State prison debts	55,044.95

Disbursements of 1899 exceed those of previous years as follows:

1895, public fund	$ 81,196 23
1896, public fund	213,089.69
1897, public fund	157,275.67
1898, public fund	186,601.09
Average for 4 years	159,540.67
Average per month	19,942.58

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Mr. Berckmans is right when he tells the mountain men they could match, if not surpass, the North in raising apples for home and foreign markets. The alpines of the South may catch on in the next century. A North Carolinian told us that the apple crop of that state was always abundant when it failed at the north.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

—— The outcome of the award made by Alger when Secretary of War for the construction of fifty Brown segmental wire-wounded guns is in line with the general results of his management of the War Department. One of the guns has been split by a low pressure test. General Flagler, who was Chief of Ordinance at the time when the contract was awarded, advised against the purchase, but Alger airily ignored the opinion of the experienced officer.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

—— Fifteen years ago there lived in the small town of Griffin, Ga., a merchant of only moderate means, who was badly afflicted with that dread disease, nervous dyspepsia. Forced by the hand of disease to abandon his store, he decided to build a cotton mill. After a week of anxious soliciting he could raise only $84,000. With this small beginning backed up by the friendly promise of the local bank, he made the venture. From this small beginning his plant has grown to nearly $1,000,000, the stock being worth $250 per share of $100. The city of Griffin has doubled more than once in wealth and population, and the cotton mills are now lending money to the very bank which helped them in their infancy—*Mobile Register, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Gastonia *Gazette*: The Dallas cotton mills will also double their producing capacity. An annex will be built for the looms of the mill and all of the present floor space will be filled with spindles.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: The serious illness of Mr. Edw. B. Hood, Treasurer of the county, mentioned in these columns some days ago, culminated in his death yesterday (Sunday) at noon, at his home in this city, in the 62nd year of his age.

— Statesville *Landmark*: The rains of the past week have been general and abundant, and vegetation has been revived and is flourishing. Although the drought did damage, there is yet good ground for the hope that the yield will be abundant.

— Wilkesboro *Chronicle*: One old line Republican of the Brushies is not pleased with the administration of the revenue laws, etc, by the present administration. He says he has figured it up and the county is losing $600 per day by the way the republicans are running things.

— Oxford *Ledger*: The moonshiners in this part of the State are getting up to date. They used to run their whiskey twice through, but now they use what they term a "single footer" and do the work at one operation. Plenty of concentrated lye is used in connection with the new invention.

— Sanford *Express*: Mrs. Minnie Campbell, relict of the late Dr. J. M. Campbell, died at her home near here last Friday evening at 8 o'clock. She had been in bad health for a number of years, but was taken critically ill a few days before her death. —— Jim Shaw attempted to enter the house of a negro woman at Southern Pines on Tuesday night of last week when George Crowder shot him in the abdomen. The wounded negro died on Tuesday.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: Charles Woodell was foully murdered near Black Swamp church Robeson county about one o'clock Sunday morning. He and Walton Ivey had been at a house of ill fame and had walked down the road together. They has separated and Ivey states when about fifteen feet apart that parties concealed in the bushes shot Woodell. Ivey ran and could get no one to go with to see about Woodell till daylight. Woodell was riddled with shot and must have died instantly. Dr. Lewis, coroner, held and inquest on Sunday and from information of threats made previously ordered the arrest of four young white men, Rowland Williamson, Larkin Williamson, Owen Williamson, George Williamson. These four brothers together with Walton Ivey were placed in jail and will have a hearing on Tuesday. It is generally believed that Ivey was knowing to the programme to kill Woodell and decoyed him to the place.

TWINKLINGS.

— Grounds for Suspicion: "Look at Aunt Josephine—laughing while she's playing solitaire." "Ah, I bet she's cheating."

— "Pfwat wud yez do if Casey called you a liar?" "Pfwhich Casey—the big wan or the little wan?"—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— Not What He Wanted: Nurse—"It's time for your nourishment now, Mr. Peppery." Mr. Peppery (who is convalescent)—"Hang the nourishment! What I want is something to eat."—*Judy.*

— No Admiring Spectators: "You don't ride your wheel on the boulevard in the evening any more, Marie?" "No; there are not enough people on the front steps to make it worth while."—*Chicago Post.*

— Little Silas—"Didn't ye git no gold brick, paw?" His Father—"Wy, no, Si, I didn't git none this time." Silas—"Well, I want one. Rube Simmons' paw got him one, an' they're jest dandy to crack hick'ry nuts with."—*New York Journal.*

— At a children's charity entertainment a collection was being taken up and a little girl of six offered the plate to a wealthy man well known for his penuriousness. "I have nothing to give," was his surly response. "Then take out something," said the little miss, "we are collecting for the poor."

— The little yacht was becalmed and he suggested that she whistle for some wind. "I'm afraid to," she replied. "Why?" he asked. "I can't tell what you will do when I get my lips all puckered up," she answered. "I won't do a thing," he promised. "Then I won't whistle," she retorted.—*Chicago Post.*

— When Round Robins Homeward Fly: "Something's wrong." said the man who keeps up with the world's progress: "we dont hear of any more pigeons coming in with startling messages." "No," replied the man in black suspenders, "the round robins are bringing in the startling messages now."

— Anxious Mother—"Why don't you drive that bad boy away from your play-ground?" "Good Little Boy—"It wouldn't be right." "Wouldn't it." "No, ma; you see, that playground is public property." "Oh, so it is." "Yes, ma; and it would be selfish an' dishonest to deprive any other boy of the right to go there." "So it would, my angel. I didn't think of that." "Yes, ma; and, besides, he can lick me."—*Pearson's Weekly.*

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

M. E. Church, South, Wilmington District.

Jacksonville and Richlands, Jacksonville, August 12-13.
Onslow, Queen's Creek, August 15.
Kenansville, Warsaw, August 19-20.
Clinton, Goshen, August 22.
Burgaw, Burgaw, August 26-27.
Magnolia, Centenary, September 2-3.
Wilmington, Fifth Street, September 10-11.
Southport, September 17-18.
Whiteville, Terro Gordo, September 23 24.
Waccamaw, Old Dock, September 26.
Brunswick, Zion, September 30-October 1.
Wilmington, Market Street, (at night) Oct. 1.
Carver's Creek, Shiloh, October 7-8.
Elizabeth, Singletaries, October 14-15.

R. F. BUMPASS,
Presiding Elder.

No Ugliness In Nature.

No natural object can be ugly, repulsive, uninstructive or unentertaining if we see it as it is and have knowledge of its place and purpose. It may lack what artists call the elements of grace. Its colors may be dingy. But, then, how soon we tire of too pronounced brilliancy! The ugliest weed, on the other hand, is not always ugly. Think of the brilliant beetle or gay butterfly that may rest upon it.

A turtle rooting in the mud of a ditch, itself the color of the soiled water that surrounds it, is so beautifully adapted to its home and habits that we forget the lack of pleasing color and are impressed with the more suggestive beauty of adaptation. We cannot center a thought upon the object before us—a serious, prolonged, truth desiring thought—and there and then only will the symmetry of nature's handiwork become apparent. Such recognition on our part repays us as fully as floods of color delight the unthinking eye. —Lippincott's.

Mollie's Inclination to Rise.

Among unique Georgia epitaphs the following, by a triumphant husband, is certainly entitled to the prize:

This is the place whar Mollie's buried—
She's a-lyin' hereabout.
The groun's tore up an the tombstone's broke,
But she hain't never got plumb out!
She wuz put in the deepest grave in town,
But it's all it kin do to keep her down!

—Atlanta Constitution.

A SLIMY SEA SPIDER.

AN ENCOUNTER WITH AN UNCANNY CREATURE IN ALASKA.

A Fishing Adventure With Plenty of Excitement When the Monster Came to the Surface—Lively Work Fighting Its Tentacles.

"If any one desires a dash of excitement, I can recommend the fishing of Alaska," said a returned Klondiker. "I had been fishing above Sitka when one day I found myself near a camp of Indians. As I had some game I divided with them and forthwith was invited to a feast of their own providing. We sat around a big wooden dish, in which was something that looked like frogs' legs, but frogs so gigantic that I knew it was something else. It required some courage to eat this dish, but hunger gives a man stamina of a certain kind, so I shut my eyes and began the feast. The article was not so bad as it appeared. It tasted like crab, and some of it had the consistence of the rubber rings which babies chew on. Altogether it was not to be despised, combining food with exercise.

"It was sea spider, so the natives told me, a member of the cuttlefish family. As they were going out on the following morning to fish for more I persuaded them to take me with them. Half of the excitement of fishing here was getting afloat. The bay was an open roadstead into which the sea rolled, and we were some time getting through the seas which, if not mountain high, came very near it. Finally we made the run and dropped anchor in the lee of a little point of rocks where we began fishing. Each man had different tackle, some large, some small lines, and to me fell an outfit which was a cross between a shark and a cod line. Presently the men began hauling in rock cod, using the little candlefish for bait. There is a curious thing about Alaskans. This little fish, which they catch with a combiike arrangement, they eat, if they are so disposed, or, if they want a light, they fasten a fish between two sticks and light its head, when it will burn like a candle. It is a famous country for fish, and it was nothing but pull in for the natives, while I did not have a bite.

"My time was coming, however. I had on a heavy sinker, so that every time the boat lifted I felt a sharp jerk, which deceived me. But once, when the boat rose on a big wave, my line did not give, and I shouted to the Indian next me that I was foul. He took the line, gave a tremendous jerk and received one in return; then, bracing himself back, he began to pull and scream; then all hands screamed, and I understood that a sea spider had the line and also the bottom. I expected every minute to see the canoe go over, as the men went from side to side, now forcing the rail down so that the water poured in, now lifting with a mighty yell, then slacking off so suddenly that they fell in a heap. Finally, after they had screamed themselves out of breath and settled conflicts of opinion, they hauled the rope as taut as possible, taking in the slack, inch by inch, as the canoe sank in the hollow of a wave, then holding on as a big ground swell would raise her.

"This plan seemed certain either to lift the bottom or to sink the canoe, and after several attempts to accomplish the latter something gave suddenly. Amid the greatest excitement the men quickly hauled away. The line came up readily, the fishermen occasionally looking over, endeavoring to see what was on it. One man armed himself with a knife, while a companion held a short handled case knife between his teeth—movements suggestive of the coming of an enemy. Suddenly one of the crew seized a sharp boathook, which, after another look, he jabbed into the unknown and invisible. In response a long, slender tentacle shot into the air and formed a weird interrogation point, then it grasped the pike; then three more appeared, creeping insidiously over the edge of the canoe, at which the natives struck wildly, some shouting to slack the line, others to haul in.

"In the midst of the confusion the sea spider concluded to come aboard. Torn from the bottom, it had come up easily, then, seeing the canoe and possibly thinking it a vantage ground, it grasped it and slid over the side, a mass of living, slimy, reddish brown snakes. When they were raised, I could see rows of suckers, each of which was a veritable airpump, and as there were seemingly thousands of them the sucking power of this spider of the sea was apparent. Blows were aimed at it whenever opportunity offered, but the weird animal fairly slid over the rail, winding one of its arms around an oar. Its head or body hung on the rail—a brown mass the size of a man's head—from which gleamed two greenish yellow eyes. The strange animal changed color like a chameleon. Flushes of red, brown and gray followed one another over it, while from its lower portion oozed a stream of ink which splashed in our faces as the tentacles flew about.

"There was something so uncanny about the creature that I confess it demoralized me, but the natives, who probably had caught great numbers, struck at it right and left, cutting off the tentacles with their knives and hatchets, trying to save such portions as those upon which I had dined the day before—the thought of which gave me a thrill of horror. It was 15 minutes before they had the life hammered out of the frightful creature, and then it was a question who had won.

"The canoe was now half full of water, as a hole had been knocked in the side, which was finally stopped with a piece of skin. It was five miles to camp, but I preferred walking and had the men put me ashore. I got to the camp in time to meet them and see the sea spider taken out. It had a spread of nearly 25 feet, measuring from the tip of the outspread tentacles. If you want to see how it looked, drop into the Yale museum. They have a model of one a few feet larger."—New York Sun.

The Rain Tree of Ferro Island.

The island of Ferro is one of the largest in the Canary group, and it has received its name on account of its iron bound soil, through which no river or stream flows. In the midst of the island there grows a tree known as the raining tree, the leaves of which are long and narrow. It continues in constant verdure winter and summer, and the branches are covered with a cloud which is never dispelled, but, resolving itself into a moisture, causes to fall from its leaves a very clear water in such abundance that cisterns placed at its foot to receive it are never empty.—Ladies' Home Journal.

The Pay of Lawmakers.

The lawmakers in Austria and France are paid $5 a day; in Greece the senators get $100 a month and the deputies $50; in Germany members of both houses receive about $2.50 a day; in Denmark the members of the landsthing each receive about $8 a day; in Belgium each member of the chamber of representatives gets $85 a month; in Portugal the peers and commons are paid the same sum, which is about $355 a year; in Spain the members of the cortes are not paid for their services, but enjoy many advantages and immunities; in Switzerland the members of the national council get $2.50 a day, and the council of states, the lower house, $1.50; in Italy the senators and deputies are not paid at all, but are allowed traveling expenses England is the only country where members of parliament are not only unpaid, but have no special rights or privileges.

Cutlery Grinders.

Of the dangers to which the cutlery grinder is exposed much has been written. The terrible results of the constant inhalation of dust compounded of stone and steel arrested and appalled the imagination. The expression of public opinion led to the adoption in the act of 1878 of provisions for the removal of this dust, which were afterward supplemented by the act of 1895. Although it cannot be claimed that grinders' phthisis has been extirpated, it has been largely diminished by the use of ventilating fans. With the example before us of the overthrow of such insidious perils by apparently simple methods point is given to the dangers that remain behind and to the indefensibility of allowing them free play. It is the more obvious risks which remain uncontrolled—those engendered by the bursting or flying of a huge grindstone running at a speed of from 200 to 300 revolutions per minute or of a smaller stone running at a higher velocity, which reaches even 1,500 revolutions per minute.—Fortnightly Review.

WILD ANIMALS.

They Do Not Fear Man Until They Learn His Power.

There is an old story that any man can cow a wild animal by merely gazing into its eyes.

This theory of the power of the human eye is all well enough so long as it is not tried on an animal big and fierce enough to kill the experimenter. All accounts agree that, except where they have been hunted, wild animals do not fear man at all.

A British resident in Guiana once gave a Cornish gold seeker a lift up the river in his steam launch. As the launch was small the miner slung his hammock on shore each night. One morning he complained of the noise the frogs had made.

Some Indians of the crew laughed at this and said, "Oh, tiger sleep with old man last night!" What the miner had heard was the purring or snoring under his hammock of a puma, whose tracks and the outline of its sleeping body were yet visible.

Upon Long Island, except during the hunting days, the deer enter farmers' barnyards freely and show no fear of man.

In the Yellowstone park, where animals are protected from hunters, they are very chummy. The elk and blacktail come to the keepers' houses to be fed. Even brown bears hang around and forage among the scraps thrown out by the hotel keepers.

Dangerous animals have the same boldness where gunpowder is unknown. When Berend's crew were on their first voyage a polar bear came among the sleeping crew and bit a sailor's head off. Why should he fear the puny little creatures?

Beyond the Zambezi and Shire rivers, where white men and guns are few, lions and leopards will do what they will do almost nowhere else—kill men when hungry and when not cornered.

Where animals are fully acquainted with firearms neither lion, tiger, bear, jaguar nor any other animal will attack man except when cornered, it is true. But animals in wild life have no such fear of the weak little biped that can neither run, climb nor fight as well as they.—New York World.

It is scientifically affirmed, that in the thirty years which follow the change from the girl to the woman, beginning at fifteen and ending at forty-five, the average woman spends ten years of that time in physical suffering caused by irregular periods, disagreeable drains, female troubles, or other derangements of the functions of the delicate female organs.

Think of it! One-third of the best years of a woman's life spent in a struggle with pain.

It is no wonder that women everywhere are full of unbounded praise and gratitude for Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It does away with all suffering due to the diseases of the organs peculiarly feminine. It regulates the periods, stops the disagreeable drains heals inflamed and ulcerated conditions, and cures female weakness. It brings all the delicate female organs into natural, healthy and harmonious action.

There is no opium or other narcotic, and no alcohol, whisky or other alcoholic stimulant in "Favorite Prescription."

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter, without charge. Write freely. Every letter is treated as strictly private and sacredly confidential.

Mrs. M. F. Long, of Le Loup, Franklin Co., Kans., writes: "Words cannot express how grateful I am for your kind advice and good medicines. I have been in poor health more or less all my life. In the past nine years grew worse, and two years ago I was so poorly could hardly drag around. I consulted a specialist, and he said I had ulceration and that an operation would have to be performed. This did not seem necessary to me, so time went by, and I at last wrote to Dr. Pierce asking advice. I bought two bottles of 'Favorite Prescription,' two of the 'Discovery' and two vials of the 'Pellets' as advised. When commencing I weighed 119½ pounds, and after taking one bottle of each I was like a new woman. In one month I gained eight pounds. After taking two bottles each of the medicines named, I began to look like a woman and not like a wasted skeleton. That weary tired feeling all left me, and it did seem as though life was worth living."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cleanse the skin.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged. The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6¾
Standard		@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	13½
Sides ℔ ℔		@	6¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	7¾
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	5½@	@	6¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	5½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 25	@	1 35
New New York, each		@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	25	@	30
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	47	@	47½
Virginia Meal	47	@	47½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	99
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10½@	@	11½
Dairy Cream		@	13
State		@	10½
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	10	@	13½
Rio	7	@	8
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s		@	70
EGGS—℔ dozen	8	@	9
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 00	@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
Extra	4 36	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 00
Choice		@	3 50
Straight	4 00	@	4 25
First Patent	4 50	@	5 00
GLUE—℔ ℔	11	@	18
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	52	@	52½
Car-load, in bgs—White		@	52
Oats, from store	38	@	40
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	65	@	75
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green salted		@	6½
Dry flint		@	12½
Dry salt		@	9
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s			
Clover Hay	85	@	90
Rice Straw	40	@	50
Eastern	80	@	85
Western	80	@	85
North River	80	@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔		@	2¾
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5	@	7
North Carolina	6	@	10½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18,00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	23 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	18100
Common mill	5 00	@	6 50
Fair mill	6 50	@	8 00
Prime mill	8 50	@	10 00
Extra mill	10 00	@	10 50
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	25
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	23	@	30
Porto Rico, in barrels	25	@	30
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 00	@	2 10
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	9 50	@	10 00
Rump		@	9 50
Prime		@	19 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	75	@	80
American	70	@	75
On 125 ℔ Sacks		@	47½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 80	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5⅝@	@	5⅞
Standard A	5	@	5¼
White Extra C	5	@	5¼
Extra C, Golden		@	5
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½@	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Palmo		@	7 00
Mill, Fair		@	6 50
Common Mill	4 50	@	5100
Inferior to ordinary	3 00	@	4 00
SHINGLES, N. Cypress sawed ℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	5 50
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	5
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	1100	@	2 00
North Carolina	1100	@	20
WOOL per ℔—Unwashed	15	@	17

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Aug. 8.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market steady at 47 cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 46½ cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at 90 cents per barrel for Strained and 95 cents for Good Strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.60 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1.35 per barrel for Hard, $2.10 for Dip and $2.20 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine nothing doing; rosin firm at $1.00@1.05; tar firm at $1.05; crude turpentine firm at $1.00 @1.50.

RECEIPTS.

Spir

BUSINESS LOCALS

IN "THE MORNING STAR"

COST BUT A CENT A WORD.

NO AD. FOR LESS THAN 20c.

HAVE YOU LOST ANYTHING?
HAVE YOU FOUND ANYTHING?
WANT TO SELL A HOUSE?
WANT TO RENT A HOUSE?
NEED A COOK?
WANT A NURSE?
WANT TO BORROW MONEY?
WANT TO LEND MONEY?
WANT A SITUATION?
WANT A BOOKKEEPER?

WANT TO BUY OR SELL A COW OR HORSE?
DO YOU WISH TO SELL A FARM?
DO YOU WISH TO BUY A FARM?
DO YOU WANT A WIFE?

Do You Want Anything?

A Cent a Word is a Mere Trifle for An Advertisement.
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Guaranteed Circulation Larger Than That of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

East Carolina Real Estate Agency.

R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C.

All classes of **desirable Real Estate (city and country) bought and sold on Commission. Special attention to Farms and Timbered Lands.**

We now offer the following valuable property:

Eighty Acres Near Burgaw.

One 80 acre tract of Land within half mile of Burgaw. None cleared, but easily put in state of cultivation.

Valuable Farm near Greenville, N. C.

A Farm of 250 acres four miles from Greenville, one mile from House station on the Atlantic Coast Line. One hundred and eighty-five acres cleared and in fine state of cultivation. One nice two-story dwelling with six rooms, one cook room and kitchen. One office. One 8 stall two-story stables with eight stalls. Two barns. Two tobacco barns. One 16-horse power engine, gin house, gin, press, etc. All necessary machinery attached. All kinds of farming implements, including wagons, carts, hoes, etc. Also, four mules and one horse. Will sell all together or the land separate.

Farm of 143 Acres

In Long Creek village, Pender county—25 acres cleared, balance well timbered. Four acres in strawberries, 2 acres in apple trees. Fine grape vine. Large two-story house. One good New Store House. All necessary out houses. Two tenant houses. Two miles from Montague, a station on Atlantic and Yadkin Railroad; sixteen miles from Wilmington. Fertile land, in a high state of cultivation. A bargain for somebody.

2,000 Acres of Land

In New Hanover county on navigable stream; borders tide water. Three clearings on place—one of 25 acres with house and outbuildings on same; two of 20 acres each; balance well timbered. Twelve miles from Wilmington. Four miles from Castle Hayne, a station on the W. & W. R. R. The nearest point of the land to the Newbern railroad is two miles.

House in Kenansville.

One valuable six room house in Kenansville, Duplin county, N. C., just completed. Known as "Birchwood Cottage," with nice office on lot; also garden and outbuildings. Located in a desirable part of the town. Kenansville is a pleasant town to live in—famed for its pure spring water and healthy locality. James Sprunt Institute, one of the best schools in the State, is located there.

Fifty Acres of Land

One-half mile from South Washington, on the W. & W. R. R., in Pender county. Borders on county roads. Very valuable for trucking.

Property in Burgaw.

Four good Building Lots in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-half acre each.

One neat three-room House in town of Burgaw, on lot consisting of one and one-half acres, all set out in strawberries except garden and yard.

A desirable building lot in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-fourth of an acre, fronting railroad, and it is a corner lot.

Farm at Burgaw.

A desirable farm at Burgaw. The residence and about one-third of the farm within the corporate limits of the town. About twenty acres cleared; six acres in strawberries; one acre in fruit trees and grape vines. All necessary outbuildings. A nice desirable six-room residence. Farm contains 100 acres.

Tobacco and Truck Farm

Containing 365 acres, four miles from Magnolia, N. C., in the great truck belt. About seventy acres cleared; thirty acres of black branch land well timbered with curly yellow pine. Fine meadow land and best range for hogs, sheep and cattle. Five-room dwelling, with barn, stables and other out-houses. Nearly a half-acre in prolific grape vines. Lot of apple and plum trees. Beautiful oak and hickory grove surrounds dwelling. Good water. Admirably adapted to tobacco culture, and now has eight acres in cultivation. Also, two tobacco barns. Fences and ditches in good condition.

A Nice Farm.

A desirable farm of one hundred and fifty acres. Fifty acres is within the corporate limits of the town of Burgaw, N. C. Twenty two acres cleared. There is one nice, new three-room cottage, painted and plastered. Large stables and barns. A tenant's house, and strawberry packing house. A well of very fine drinking water. A nice orchard of 500 young fruit trees, consisting of Japan plums, peaches, pears, apples and figs.

A Real Bargain.

A desirable farm of 273 acres, three miles east of Rose Hill. Fifty acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, balance well timbered. Four-room house on premises. In good neighborhood. Will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington.

Farm Near Ashton.

One hundred and fifty acres two miles from Ashton, four miles from Burgaw. Four acres cleared, most of which is very fertile low land. Balance well timbered for farming purposes. Two tenant houses.

For terms, &c., address,

R. G. GRADY & CO.,
Burgaw, N. C.

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Our New Quarters.

Being now comfortably fixed in our new location, No. 7 South Front street, we are prepared to do all work in our line in a satisfactory manner. Our Barber Shop is first-class in every respect.

ED. GUION,
CORNELIUS DAVIS.

jy 25 tf

MIDWINTER NIGHT.

Old thoughts, dead passions rise tonight,
With one loved face from memory's shore;
While all the winter's iron might,
Fast shrouded casement, muffled white,
Thunders at heart and door.
How can I dream surcease to find
Ie tenderness of buds that start
And all that hopeth glad and kind,
When through the of the lonely night the wind
Moans like a broken heart?
Brave kindred of the year's delight
Whom joy and song and music wed,
You have no place out here tonight.
Love claims this hour in life's despite.
Go—leave me with my dead.
—W. Wilfred Campbell in Literature.

AFTER TEN YEARS.

The train was running on at full speed. It was nearing Saumur. Olivier Seranes, only half awake, looked out at the misty, gray landscape.

Sweet, how sweet, it was to return to his native house after so long an absence! His family dead, his friends scattered—how many changes had occurred in the course of these ten years! The land alone remained unchanged. And then he thought only of Charlotte Dexpers, whom he was so soon to see, with almost an uneasy gladness.

Charlotte! The magical name warmed his heart. He forgot his weary frame, the 40 years stamped in premature wrinkles on his yellow face, the oppressive sunshine of Touquin, the haunting fever.

It was strange that after so many years he could not think of her even now without a little sinking at the heart. In fact, he had loved her formerly, loved her for years, religiously hiding his wound from all men and from her with aching self control.

The colonies had afforded an opening for his energy. He had entered the higher branch of the civil service, first in the Senegal and then at Tonquin.

Time, by relaxing the close tie of affection, had brought Seranes to a feeling of calm and mild friendship. When she had so strangely urged him to pay her a visit of some days at Les Clairettes, she must be sure of herself, and not less sure of him.

He was afraid lest he might love Mme. Dexpers again. If when he should see her again these ten years should have passed like a single day?

The train stopped at the station.

Seranes, without waiting to think, flew to the carriage door, his eyes eagerly searching the platform, where Mme. Dexpers was to meet him as she had promised.

No silver gray gown as of old, no young woman with lustrous eyes, no little girl with bare legs. Nameless faces only. But an elegantly dressed woman in black in the background, after looking away as if he were a stranger, examined him more attentively.

He suppressed an exclamation and hurried forward. Two hands seized his.

"Charlotte—madam—you"—

And Mme. Dexpers was saying:

"I am so pleased, my dear old friend."

He gazed at her with anxiety and was less surprised at his having failed to recognize her at once. Mme. Dexpers' beauty was a thing of the past. Her face was pale and had lost its bloom, marred by the imperceptible touch of ten years more. Her hair was quite gray. It was another woman that Seranes saw, almost an old woman.

It flashed upon him that he, too, must be greatly altered, greatly aged. Otherwise would she have hesitated? Oh, yes, his yellow complexion, dried up by fever, his mustache streaked with gray. Yes, he was an old fellow; why try to deceive himself?

She apologized for her husband, who had been hindered from coming by important business. Her sons were quite well. The eldest son was on the eve of getting his captaincy. Roger, his father's second in command, was employed in the factory. As for Therese, she was there, waiting for them outside with the carriage, as she herself was driving.

So Seranes followed her, gazing sadly at the little gray curls that had a sort of dim grace where they shaded her still white neck. Mme. Dexpers' slender figure no longer exerted the seductive charm that it had once had for him.

What, was it the fleeting mirage of youth that had bewitched him rather than the invisible beauty of her soul? No, no! A tide of unexpected tenderness welled up and possessed him. He loved her differently, but he did not therefore love her less.

Respect, mingling with emotion, rose up in him and bowed him in homage to the noble creature who had so worthily met her share of joy and sorrow. Of sorrow, too, no doubt a wife's cares, a mother's anxieties. Dear, dear, Mme. Dexpers.

Standing by an impatient chestnut horse, its fine coat gleaming in the sunshine, he saw a tall girl smiling with the charm of a vision.

She had her mother's smooth, high brow, her straight nose, her oval chin; she had the expressive look, the smile, the action that had been her mother's.

The likeness was so startling that it fell like a blow on Seranes' heart. This was not Therese. It was Charlotte at the age of 20. And this Charlotte held his hands with such youthful eagerness and such spontaneous gladness as moved him deeply.

"Then you know me again, mademoiselle?" he asked.

"To begin with, call me Therese. Do I know you? As well as if we had parted yesterday. Can we forget our old friends?" He smiled.

"And yet I must have altered."

"And would you have recognized me?" she answered.

"Without hesitation." And he turned with some emotion to Mme. Dexpers.

"What a likeness!" he murmured.

"Get up by me," said the girl. "Mother prefers the back seat. You will see how Trilby can fly."

With all his eyes and deep drawn breath he inhaled happiness and never asked whence came this life giving air, this fluid that coursed through his veins. Was it from the scenes around him, or from the dear presence of his two companions?

"Les Clairettes, my dear sir." It was Dexpers who spoke, as sturdy as ever, his hair scarcely gray, his face flushed by a capital breakfast. "Les Clairettes, you see, is the same as ever. I have not touched the brooks which my wife thinks so romantic. It is only outside her park that I have utilized the water power by collecting them into one fall."

Seranes was not listening. He glanced round at the pretty, peaceful spot, intensely green, the silence broken by the myriad murmurs of running waters. He had eyes only for Therese. Roger, the second son, walked in front, smoking a cigar. He shrugged his shoulders.

"All this damp is bad for the rheumatism. If mamma would but listen to me"—

"You are prosaic souls," said Therese.

'Now you, M. Seranes, don't you think this coolness delicious after the fierce suns of the tropics?"

"Indeed, I do, mademoiselle — delicious!"

As she took her arm from her mother's waist and went to kiss her father Seranes was startled to find himself jealous of this innocent caress, which the big man accepted with indifference. And yet how full of natural fondness and coaxing grace was this simple action in the peaceful, shady scene!

Seranes could now look unmoved at Mme. Dexpers; he could talk to her calmly, answer her rationally. A friend, yes, an old friend, and nothing more, that was what she was and must thenceforth always be to him.

But Therese! He was like a man blinded by the sun, who sees fire through his eyelids, gold, black and red, as in an intoxication of light.

Was she so much like her mother as he had thought at first? He now observed slight differences. Her skin was fairer than Mme. Dexper's had ever been, her eyes were lighter, and she was taller, and, strange to say, Seranes sought out these little dissimilarities and noted them with pleasure.

Readier of tongue, gayer and ever bubbling with light laughter—Charlotte had been wont to smile—Therese had higher spirits, was more adventurous, less fettered by commonplace habits and conventionalities. Seranes found proof of this in the interest with which she questioned him about Tonquin.

"She is a perfect girl," thought he, "and a perfect woman." And he failed to discern that his ideal, formerly embodied in Mme. Dexpers, was shifting its center. The powerful attraction of the daughter was alienating him a little from the mother.

Too thoroughly a woman not to see the influence Therese gained over Seranes and at the same time not to feel a pang in her secret soul, she had the dignity that rises superior to every personal feeling and the tenderness that could think only of the pleasure for her daughter of conversing familiarly and confidingly to her friend.

She knew that Therese, with her independent spirit, would have nothing to say to a commonplace suitor and would unmask the fortune hunters who wanted her money. The idea that her daughter might fail to find a husband worthy of her sometimes disturbed her mind. As for M. Dexpers, he could not at all understand these subtleties and was annoyed with his daughter for being really too hard to please.

But he and Roger had finished their cigars and had walked long enough for digestion. Business now took them to Saumur and would detain them till dinner time.

Then a really intimate hour began for Seranes and the two women. They seated themselves in the veranda. In front of them bushes of china roses hung in verdant garlands over the parapet of the terrace. The road was invisible, and beyond it they could only see the banks of the Loire.

Mme. Dexpers had brought out some work. She was embroidering large flowers and birds in silk in a frame. An English novel lay under Therese's hand. She mechanically opened it. Seranes looked at the title, "The Story of an African Farm," by Olive Schreiner.

He, like her, could read English, and he drew closer, their heads bent over the volume, and without any words spoken by a mutual impulse of confidence they read on together.

But it was by an effort that they took in the meaning of the words. Their minds, like two streams that meet in one river, carried them onward.

Therese was conscious of a disturbance which no man had ever produced in her. And it was so sudden, so startling, that she wondered whether she was not dreaming. Mysterious power of sympathy! Had the child, who had been so fond of her solemn friend, grown up without suspecting that, when she should see the absent one again, she would be attracted to him with the same sentiment as when ten years ago, on the day when he left, she had clasped his hand and looked mournfully down the road on which he was to set out and disappear? He had come, and she felt as though she had always expected him.

And Seranes? He sat fascinated. Fate sometimes takes these bewildering turns. Was it possible he had wandered so far only to find on his return on the very threshold of the house that opened to welcome him the most unhoped for, improbable happiness? Was he not losing his wits?

Then Mme. Dexpers gazed at them.

She gazed at them with an open, penetrating look, one of those looks which epitomize the intensity of one and of many lives, an indescribable look of meditation, in which there was pain—the pain of remembering, and fears and hopes, too, for the future, a mystery of pride, of insight, that took in the whole truth, a look as brave as her life had been, as pure as her conscience.

And that look fell on them with such power as made Seranes and Therese raise their heads at the same moment.

"Mamma!" cried the girl, and she fell at her mother's knees, threw her arms round her, clung to her with overflowing tenderness.

And yet Mme. Dexpers had not spoken. And Therese said no more. And Seranes said nothing at all.

But all three felt the tears rise to their eyes, and they smiled, their hearts gripped by keen but delicious happiness.

And when Seranes and Therese ventured to look at each other they were grave, as though they saw against some near sky the gracious angel of betrothal.—Illustrated Figaro.

The Sierra Grouse.

I have seen young broods of grouse running beneath the firs in June at a height of 8,000 feet above the sea, says John Muir in The Atlantic. On the approach of danger the mother, with a peculiar cry, warns the helpless midgets to scatter and hide beneath leaves and twigs, and even in plain open places it is almost impossible to discover them. In the meantime the mother feigns desperate lameness, throws herself at your feet, kicks and gasps and flutters, to draw your attention from the chicks.

They are mostly able to fly about the middle of July, but even after they can fly well they are usually advised to run and hide and lie still, however closely approached, while the mother goes on with her loving, lying acting, apparently as desperately concerned for their safety as when they were featherless infants.

Sometimes, however, after carefully studying the circumstances she tells them to take wing, and up and away in a blurry birr and whir they scatter to all points of the compass, as if blown up with gunpowder, dropping cunningly out of sight 300 or 400 yards off and keeping quiet until called when the danger is supposed to be past.

It is often supposed that lions are drugged or surfeited with food prior to going through their performances, though both suggestions are wide of the mark. Drugs are unknown, and from 10 to 14 pounds of food is given once a day.

A BYGONE BADGE OF THRIFT.

When Did the Habit of Nailing Insurance Signs on Houses Stop?

One by one the old fashioned things are falling away until the middle aged man of today can find very little left to remind him of his boyhood days. It used to be the habit years ago for fire insurance companies to label the house on which they had taken a risk. It was a matter of pride for the householder to have a small embossed metal sign on which was stamped in gilt letters, "Niagara" or "Aetna" or something of the sort tacked on the gable end of his porch. It was an indication that he was a business man and took life seriously. One rather pitied in those days the family of the man on whose house there was no insurance sign. It indicated that the head of the house was probably not a "good provider" and unthrifty.

One day last week a man was walking from his home to his place of business. He looked at the houses as he passed with idle curiosity. He stopped suddenly in his walk, arrested by a small metal sign on a house porch. The house was built of ancient bricks. It was clearly old fashioned—so old fashioned that the little insurance sign, from which the gilt had long ago been washed by the weather, had not been taken down. Its discovery recalled the fact to the man that the bygone fashion of insurance signs on houses had stopped without his having noticed it, and he wondered how long ago it had been and if it had been gradual or sudden and why he had not noticed it before.

But it is a fact. This little badge of thrift has gone out of usage, probably because fire insurance has become so necessary and common that it is not worth while to call the attention of the world to the fact that you are protected against loss if your house burns.—Kansas City Star.

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are deep-seated Blood Diseases. B. B. B. drives out the specific poison in the blood that causes Rheumatism and Catarrh, so that the symptoms cannot return, and a cure is made that is perfect. All druggists sell B. B. B. at $1 per large bottle, or 6 bottles (full treatment) $5. For trial bottle address BLOOD BALM CO., 149 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga. Describe your symptoms and free personal medical advice will be given. aug 6 1y

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Schedule in Effect Dec. 11, 1898.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:15 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 6:06 P. M. Laurinburg 6:23 P. M., Hamlet 6:53 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains for Monroe, Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points South; and with trains for Raleigh, Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:43 A. M., Raleigh 3:36 P. M., Sanford 5:05 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:12 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M., and Atlanta 5:30 A. M.

Train 89—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 5:45A. M., Wadesboro 6:51 A.M., Hamlet 7:43 A. M., Sanford 9:32 A. M., Raleigh 11:13 A. M., Weldon 2:50 P. M., Portsmouth 5:30 P. M.

Train 88—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 A. M., Maxton 9.06 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 5:00 P. M., Richmond 9:00 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 P. M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 2:14 A. M., Sanford 3:33 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M., Wadesboro 6:01 A. M., Monroe 6:58 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 2:50 P. M.

Train 408—Leaves Charlotte 9:00 A. M. Arrives Lincolton 10:20 A. M., Shelby 11:37 A. M., Shelby 11.37 A. M., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:20 P. M. Arrives Shelby 5:40 P. M. Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8:18 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 9:30 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M., Hamlet 11:15 P. M., Sanford 12:55 P. M., Raleigh 3:00 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:25 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 12:41 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7.40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 6:30 P. M.

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ATLANTIC & YADKIN RAILWAY.

Schedule in Effect March 26th, 1899.

South Bound Daily No. 52	MAIN LINE.	North Bound Daily No. 53.
6 50 p m	Ar.....Wilmington.....Lv	9 00 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Fayetteville.....Ar	12 18 p m
3 45 p m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	12 28 p m
2 30 p m	Lv.....Sanford.....Lv	1 43 p m
12 42 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	3 44 p m
12 13 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	4 15 p m
11 55 a m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	4 25 p m
11 07 a m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	5 12 p m
10 36 a m	Lv.....Walnut Cove.....Lv	5 44 p m
10 09 a m	Lv.....Rural Hall.....Lv	6 13 p m
8 45 a m	Lv.....Mt. Airy.....Ar	7 35 p m

South Bound Daily No. 54.	BENNETTSVILLE.	North Bound Daily No. 55.
8 00 a m	Lv.....Bennettsville.....Ar	7 15 p m
9 07 a m	Lv.....Maxton.....Lv	6 15 p m
9 35 a m	Lv.....Red Springs.....Lv	5 35 p m
10 03 a m	Lv.....Hope Mills.....Lv	4 52 p m
10 40 a m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	4 33 p m

No 46		No. 47.
South Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.	MADISON BRANCH.	North Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.
5 30 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 40 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Ar	8 25 a m
2 43 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	9 17 a m
2 30 p m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	9 35 a m
1 15 p m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	11 07 a m
12 30 p m	Lv.....Madison.....Ar	11 55 a m

Connections at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway

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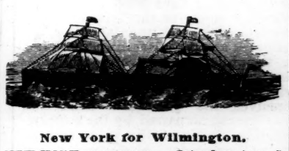

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ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect July 31, 1899.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.45 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.19 A. M., Warsaw 11.38 A. M., Goldsboro 12.20 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M. Weldon 4.39 P. M., Petersburg 6.21 P. M., Richmond 7.20 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.00 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.34 P. M., Warsaw 8.48 P. M., Goldsboro 9.45 P. M., Wilson 10.38 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.38 P. M. Weldon 1.00 A. M., †Norfolk 10.25 A. M., Petersburg 2.35 A. M., Richmond 3.23 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.23 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Wacca maw 4.50 P. M., Chadbourn 5.28 P. M. Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M. Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.30 P. M., Denmark 6.12 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 6.05 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.05 P. M., New York †9.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 2.50 A. M. Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 9.30 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.21 P. M., Warsaw 4.12 P. M., Magnolia 4.25 P. M.

DAILY 9.40 A M No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12.00 P. M., Baltimore 2.28 P. M., Washington 3.46 P M., Richmond 7.30 P M., Petersburg 8.12 P. M., †Norfolk 2.30 P. M., Weldon 9.43 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.20 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.56 A. M., Magnolia 8.09 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 51—Passeuger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.05 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.15 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.10 P. M., Florence 9.50 A. M., Marion 10.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.34 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.03 A. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Yadkin Division Main Line—Train leaves Wilmington, 9.00 A. M., arrives Fayetteville 12.15 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M. Returning leaves Sanford 2.30 P. M., arrives Fayetteville 3.45 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 3.50 P. M., arrives Wilmington 6.50 P. M.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.15 A. M. Maxton 9.30 A. M., Red Springs 9.53 A. M., Hope Mills 10.43 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 10.55 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 4.55 P. M., Red Springs 5.35 P. M., Maxton, 6.15 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.20 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M. 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.10 A. M., 4.03 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M., 4.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.55 P. M. Nashville 11.28 A. M.; 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M., 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Florence Railroad leave Fee Dee 10.02 A. M., arrive Latta 10.34 A. M., Dillon 10.36 A. M., Rowland 10.54 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.20 P. M., Latta 6.35 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 3.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.20 A. M.; arrive Hub 12.25 P. M Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 7.13 P. M., Manning 5.41 P. M.; arrive Lane's 6.17 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 3.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 10.00 A. M., 8.30 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M., 3.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.25 A. M.; 5.55 P. M Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Aartsville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 2.25 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.55 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.30 P. M., Bennettsville 9.17 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.30 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.05 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 9.

WAR IN THE PHILIPPINES.

Secretary Root Says It Will From Now On be Prosecuted With All Possible Energy—50,000 Men Ready.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., August 8.—The war in the Philippines is to be prosecuted with a vigor that ought to result in speedy cessation of hostilities there.

The correspondent of the Associated Press saw Secretary Root to-night in the office of the Hotel Champlain just after he had said good-bye to the President and was preparing to take the 9:45 train for Washington. The Secretary referred to his visit to Plattsburg barracks this afternoon, where he witnessed a regimental drill of the 25th regiment under command of Col. Rice. This regiment has been recruited and organized in a little over three weeks, and they drilled to-day like old vetrrans.

"The progress which the officers and men of the 26th regiment have made in drilling in so short a time is simply marvelous," said Mr. Root. "It shows the wonderful power of the United States when ten regiments of volunteer soldiers can be recruited, organized, drilled and equipped for active service in the field in so short a time."

"Will the war in the Philippines be prosecuted vigorously from now on," asked the Associated Press correspondent. Mr. Root turned on his heel and replied quick as a flash: "Yes, sir, the war in the Philippines from now on will be prosecuted with all possible energy. All the men, all the arms and all the supplies necessary to end the trouble in the islands will be furnished at the earliest possible moment."

"How large a force will be at the disposal of the commanding general there," was asked. "There will be 50,000 men there ready for active service at the close of the rainy season, about the last of October, and more will be sent there if necessary."

As to the rumor published in some of the papers that President McKinley and he were not agreed upon the policy to be pursued in the Philippines, Mr. Root said: "Of course that is all nonsense."

When asked whether General Otis would be relieved of the command of the American forces in the Philippines, Mr. Root replied that he had nothing to say on that point at this time.

It would be impossible for any one to be more emphatic and determined than Secretary Root in his avowed policy of ending the trouble in the Philippines. He seldom talks for publication, and the fact that he had just come from a two days' conference with President McKinley adds interest to his words.

DEWEY AT NAPLES.

Report That He Will Go to Rome, and Later Visit the City of London En Route Home.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

NAPLES, August 8.—Admiral Dewey exchanged visits to-day with the general commanding the army corps here.

The reception accorded the American admiral by Vice Admiral Gonzales, commander-in-chief of the maritime department of Naples, yesterday, was of a brilliant character, and Admiral Dewey is delighted with the cordial hospitality everywhere extended to him.

In an interview with an Associated Press reporter Admiral Dewey said: "I do not desire fetes or demonstrations at home. It is enough for me that my country knows I did my duty as a soldier."

Mr. Lewis Eddings, secretary of the United States embassy at Rome, has gone to Sorrento, where he will give a luncheon to Admiral Dewey to-morrow.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—The report that Admiral Dewey will go to Rome to-morrow, where he will be given an audience by the Pope, and will later visit London en route home, has attracted general interest at the Navy Department to-day, although the department has not been apprised of his programme. For many reasons the officers of the navy would be pleased if the Admiral should visit London. The cordiality of the relations between the two countries and the fraternizing spirit shown by British and American army and navy officers toward each other would, they believe, insure for the Admiral a gratifying reception.

CONDITIONS IN CUBA.

The Yellow Fever Situation—Local Physicians Praise Gen. Wood—Cuban Soldiers Receiving Pay.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, August 8.—The British steamer Sunderland, Captain Percy Nibbs, from Philadelphia, July 20th, which arrived here yesterday from Havana, from which port she sailed on Sunday, brought two cases of yellow fever.

It is said Captain Nibbs is dying. He was ill for two days before leaving Havana. Two other cases are suspected in the ship's company. The Sunderland received only a perfunctory examination before leaving Havana and she will be held here until all danger is past. The crew and the ship will be subjected to the disinfecting process.

The American authorities are having no trouble with the large number of Cuban soldiers now in the city to receive payment. The merchants are doing an excellent business. The restrictions against drinking prevent disorder.

No new cases of fever were officially reported to-day in the city and none have developed among the American troops within the last ten days. The local Cuban physicians praise the effective methods of the military governor, General Leonard Wood, in fighting the epidemic. They say the Spaniards could have done as well if they had tried, but that the latter were too lazy.

A regiment of Cuban cavalry, commanded by American officers, will soon be formed, it is understood, as a substitute for a section of the U. S. troops.

BASE BALL BULLETIN.

Scores of the Games Played by the Clubs Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—Chicago, 1; Washington, 4.
Cleveland, 1; Boston, 18.
Cincinnati, 8; Brooklyn, 6.
Louisville, 4; New York, 5; (ten innings.)
Pittsburg, 4; Philadephia, 5; (ten innings.)
St. Louis, 5; Baltimore, 7.

FILIPINOS APPEAL TO THE POWERS

To Use Influence to Bring to a Close the War Devastating Their Country.

RECOGNIZE INDEPENDENCE.

Claim That They Conquered All the Country From Spain Except Manila at a Cost of Thousands of Lives—A Town Bombarded.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, August 8.—Aguinaldo has appealed to the powers for recognition of "Filipino independence" in a document dated from Tarlac, July 27th, and signed by Buencamino. It has been received by all foreign consuls in Manila, with the request that they forward it to their respective governments.

The Filipinos use their old argument that they had conquered the sovereignty of those islands from Spain before the signing of the treaty of Paris, and therefore Spain was in no position to cede them to the United States. They argue that the possession of seven thousand Spanish prisoners, captured with their arms, fighting against the Filipinos, is "eloquent proof of the nullity of Spanish sovereignty, as when they surrendered Spain's hold was irrevocably lost."

The document then reads:

"Replying to the Spanish commission's requests to release the prisoners because Spain no longer has political interests in the islands we asked for a treaty of peace and friendship between Spain and the Filipinos, whereby the prisoners would be released. But the commissioners refused, because it would mean recognition of our independence. This is equivalent to saying that the prisoners must stay in our hands indefinitely because their possession is our most efficacious method to adjust our account with Spain and obtain from her recognition of our independence."

Claim They Conquered the Country.

The Filipinos claim that they conquered all the country except Manila and that they co-operated in securing the latter's capitulation by surrounding it at a cost of thousands of lives. They also claim they conquered the country unassisted, except for sixty guns that Admiral Dewey gave Aguinaldo and that Admiral Dewey and the British and Belgian consuls recognized the Filipinos' sovereignty, by asking for passes to visit the country.

They repeat the claim that they have letters from American consuls and generals recognizing their sovereignty and promising that the Americans would recognize their independence "which was at the disposition of the powers."

The Filipinos attempt to make capital of the statement that Admiral Dewey had such confidence that Aguinaldo would observe and fulfill the rules of war, that he gave him a hundred Spanish prisoners which the American navy had captured.

Finally the Filipinos appeal to the powers to influence Washington to bring to a determination "the unjust war which is devastating the country."

Napidan Shells Paete.

MANILA, August 2 (via Hong Kong August 8.)—The gunboat Napidan last week shelled Paete, on the lake near Santa Cruz. The town was full of people who had been encouraged to return after General Lawton's expedition, having been assured that they would not be molested if they peaceably attended to their business. Lieutenant Copp, who was in command of the Napidan, heard that the insurgents had re-occupied the town and steaming close in, opened fire with his six-pounders without warning. The people seeing the boat approaching fled to the hills in a terrified condition and with barely time to escape. One child was killed and many buildings were damaged. The authorities express great regret on account of the incident.

Capt. Otis Relieved of Command.

After the taking of Calamba by the Americans, General Lawton ordered that Captain Otis, of the Washington regiment, be relieved of his command and placed under arrest on account of slowness and seeming reluctance of the companies under his command in obeying the order to disembark from the cascoes and wade through the marshes under fire. The men say that a majority of them have been sick and unfit for duty and were given to understand that they would not be asked to do any more fighting.

As Viewed in Washington.

WASHINGTON August 8.—The State Department is entirely without information as to any address by Aguinaldo to foreign powers for the recognition of the Filipinos, either as belligerents, or as constituting an independent government. The appeal is looked upon, however, as creating no particular change, as it has been the desire of Aguinaldo and his associates from the first to secure such recognition. The appeal puts this desire into rather formal shape, and it may bring to an issue the attitude of outside governments. There is no apprehension, however, that any foreign government will heed the address. The international usage as to recognition was quite fully developed during the Cuban insurrection.

The course which the foreign consuls at Manila will pursue in connection with Aguinaldo's communication is a matter of some conjecture among officials here. At the State Department there is no disposition to limit the consuls in forwarding the appeal to their respective governments. As a rule it is quite unusual for consuls holding exequaturs from a friendly government and having official relations with it, to carry on communications with an insurrectionary leader. But it is appreciated that in this case the consuls are the innocent victims of Aguinaldo's letter-writing. As military authority is supreme in the Philippines, any questions arising as to the course of the consuls would probably be referred to General Otis, but there is no intimation here that he has been advised of the address, or that he will have any objections to its transmission by the consuls. It is rather expected, however, that the consuls will take occasion to advise with the military authorities as to the proper proprieties of the situation before taking final action.

MANILA, August 9.—General MacArthur's force, consisting of 4,000 men, advanced five miles beyond San Fernando to-day, and encountered and defeated a Filipino force of 6,000 men. The enemy retreated, leaving many dead and wounded. The American loss in killed and wounded was twenty.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency has excellent facilities for selling farms and timbered lands. It advertises all property and makes only a nominal charge unless a sale is made. For terms etc., address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C.

CONDITION OF COTTON.

Less Promising in Texas Than at the Close of the Previous Week—Fine Outlook for Tobacco.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—The Weather Bureau's weekly summary of crop conditions says:

The week ending August 7, 1899, has been one of generally favorable weather conditions in the States of the central valleys, as well as over the greater part of the Atlantic coast and east Gulf districts and Lake regions, central and southern Rocky Mountain regions, and on the Pacific coast. Drought now prevails over the greater part of Texas, Oklahoma, and in portions of the Dakotas, Minnesota, Wisconsin, New York, New England and localities in Pennsylvania, Virginia and the Carolinas. While rust and shedding are quite generally reported, the condition of cotton over the central and eastern portions of the cotton belt is somewhat improved. In portions of Louisiana, Arkansas and over the greater part of Texas rain is badly needed, and the condition of cotton is less promising than at the close of the previous week. Picking has commenced in central Texas and over the southern portions of the central and eastern districts, the first bales having been marketed in Alabama and South Carolina.

The weather conditions in the principal tobacco States have been highly favorable to tobacco, which is reported as greatly improved in Kentucky, Tennessee and North Carolina, the general outlook being very promising, although some damage from local storms is reported from Florida, portions of southern Maryland and New York.

YELLOW FEVER SITUATION.

No New Cases and No Deaths at the Soldiers' Home—Quarantine Will Probably be Raised This Week.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEWPORT NEWS, VA., August 8.—There has been no change in the yellow fever situation since yesterday afternoon and the officials at the Soldier's Home are hopeful that no more cases will be found.

Conditions continue on the mend and it is quite probable that the quarantine will be raised within the current week.

A feature of the shot-gun quarantine here is the presence on the line to-night of nearly every minister in the city, each preacher standing guard in his allotted section for a period of six hours.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—Official advices from Old Point and Hampton, Va., to the Marine Hospital service, state that no new cases of yellow fever have occurred in that vicinity since the one reported at the Soldier's Home yesterday, and that there have been no deaths.

LYNCHING IN VIRGINIA.

Negro Hanged by a Mob at Alexandria for Attempting An Assault On a Little White Girl.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ALEXANDRIA, VA., August 8.—Ben Thompson, colored, twenty years of age, was lynched at 11.30 o'clock to-night, for attempting an assault upon Lillian Clarke, the eight-year old daughter of Edward Clarke, residing on Patrick street. The police made a determined effort to prevent the mob which gathered around the jail about about 11 o'clock from obtaining possession of the prisoner, but were unsuccessful. The door was broken in, and during the scuffle which ensued Chief of Police Webster was hurt.

The prisoner was found in the cellar of the building and brought out, but the report became current that he was not the man and he was released. He had gone but a short distance, however, when the mob concluded that Thompson was the man they were looking for, and after a short chase he was captured and strung up to an electric light pole. The prisoner was roughly handled on the way to the place of the hanging, his clothing being cut almost to shreds.

During the scenes at the front of the jail Mayor Simpson addressed the crowd, imploring them to leave the prisoner alone and promising to call the grand jury for early action on the case, but his pleadings were without avail.

TRANSVAAL TROUBLE.

The Dutch Volksraad Declined to Agree to Suggestion for a Joint Commission.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

CAPETOWN, August 8.—A dispatch from Pretoria, capital of the South African republic, says the Volksraad has declined to agree to the suggestion of Mr. Jos. Chamberlain, British secretary of state for the colonies, that the effect which the Transvaal franchise reforms will have on the Uitlanders should be inquired into by a joint commission. The Volksraad, however, consents to receive friendly suggestions.

PRETORIA, August 8.—The reply to Mr. Chamberlain's proposal of a joint commission of inquiry has not yet been forwarded and the Transvaal government is still deliberating.

Various rumors are current regarding the result of the secret session of the Volksraad, but no official announcement has been made.

LONDON, August 9.—All the dispatches from the South Africa correspondents of the London morning papers take it for granted the secret session of the Volksraad called last evening will confirm the rejection of Mr. Chamberlain's proposal, but leave the way open to continue negotiations.

They also dwell upon the serious situation thus arising and upon the consternation of Uitlanders over the addition to the constitution compelling them to fight for the Transvaal, which seems to indicate that the Transvaal government is expecting hostilities.

REVOLT IN RUSSIA.

Peasantry of Bessarabia Made Desperate by Famine—Conflict With Troops.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

VIENNA, August 8.—The *Neu Freie Presse* to-day says the peasantry of portions of Bessarabia (a government of Russia, bounded on the south by the Danube and the Black sea) have revolted, being driven desperate by famine. Troops, it is added, have been sent there, and several encounters have taken place. A score of peasants have already been killed and many have been wounded.

An explosion wrecked the nitroglycerine building of the Ditman Powder and Chemical Company's works, three miles from Farmingdale, N. J., yesterday. Two men were injured.

CONTRADICTIONS IN THE EVIDENCE.

Counsel for Dreyfus in the Court Martial Preparing a Dramatic Coup.

MAKE CHARGE OF PERJURY.

Either Against Gen. Mercier or Casimer-Perier When Their Depositions Are Presented — Yesterday's Proceedings in Secret.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

RENNES, August 8.—The police arrangements in the vicinity of the Lycee this morning were practically the same as those of yesterday, but not more than a hundred persons had gathered at the early hour (6.30) fixed for the opening of the day's proceedings in the trial of Captain Dreyfus. The prisoner was conducted to the Lycee at 6.15, and exactly the same precautions were observed as on yesterday. The secret sitting lasted until 11.45, when the court adjourned until to-morrow morning.

The correspondent of the Associated Press learns that the court martial was able this morning to consider only part of the secret dossier. The documents were submitted to the Judges in the order in which they were classified. General Chaoine gave lucid explanations of the points which were not clear to Col. Jouaust. General Chanoine took the documents individually and explained them.

Major Carriere will later on state the conclusion he draws from the dossier. Maitres Labori and Domange, who listened with close attention to General Chanoine's explanations, did not enter into the discussion on the subject, to-day's consideration of the dossier being of a general character and more in the nature of a preliminary examination.

Guarded Night and Day.

The secret dossier remains in a strong box in a room contiguous to the court room. This strong box is guarded night and day by an officer specially detailed for this duty.

Up to the end of the sitting the day passed quietly. There was a much bigger crowd than yesterday, assembled in the hope of obtaining a glimpse of Dreyfus during the few seconds occupied by him in crossing the avenue de La Gare on his way back from the Lycee to his prison. The crowd numbered about 2,000 persons and was composed purely of sightseers, who were allowed to pass freely through the Lycee until a few moments before Dreyfus emerged. Then the chief of gendarerie made a sign to his assistant who blew a whistle. Before the shrill sound had finished the clatter of hoofs was heard and a moment later a strong detachment of mounted gendarmes, followed by gendarmes on foot, galloped into the avenue from a side street, wheeled around, and divided into two detachments stretching across the avenue and cleared a space of 300 yards in front of the Lycee. The horsemen rode on the sidewalks, clearing everybody out. Even the newspaper men were driven away. Then a detachment of infantry, headed by a bugler, dashed up at the double, and formed across the avenue from the door of the Lycee to the postern gate of the Manutetion. The soldiers were stationed, shoulder-to-shoulder, facing outwards and toward the spectators who were crushed behind the mounted gendarmes a hundred yards off.

"Here He Is."

Soon afterwards some one shouted, "Here he is!" and the spectators, many of whom had come from neighboring towns expressly to see Dreyfus, craned their necks and stood on tip-toe, hoping to catch a view of the famous prisoner, as preceded and followed by gendarmes and with a captain of gendarmes beside him, he passed through the lane of soldiers, with a quick military step, eyes front and with a soldierly bearing, but with the slight, jerky movement of the left arm and shoulder of the continental officer, accustomed always to resting his hand on the hilt of his sword. Dreyfus, however, being under arrest, is deprived of his sword. The crowd just perceived the prisoner's head and shoulders as he passed by the gaps between the heads of the infantrymen, whose kepis, dark-blue tunics and bright red, baggy trousers threw a band of color across the roadway. Less than a minute was occupied in crossing the roadway and immediately after Dreyfus reached the wall of the Manutetion the postern gate was thrown open and he disappeared within.

The shrill whistle was again heard, the gendarmes wheeled around and galloped back to their barracks, the crowd quietly dispersed and in a few minutes the vicinity of the Lycee was almost deserted.

The condition of Dreyfus is disquieting. His wonderful will power alone is lending him strength to go through the present ordeal. Physically he is extremely weak. His stomach refuses all solid food and he is only able to take milk. His family is very anxious.

Contradictions in the Evidence.

The *Jour* to-day says there are grave contradictions in the evidence of Gen. Mercier and former President Casimer-Perier before the Court of Cassation, and it understands counsel for Dreyfus are preparing a dramatic *coup*. Counsel propose, when the respective depositions are presented to the court martial, to charge either Gen. Mercier or M. Casimer-Perier with perjury, under article 127 of the military code. An arrest would then occur instantly, while the accused is still in the witness box.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—6 casks spirits turpentine; 2 barrels crude turpentine.

W. C. & A. Railroad—2 bales cotton, 43 casks spirits turpentine, 49 barrels rosin, 40 barrels tar, 22 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—31 casks spirits turpentine, 4 barrels rosin, 20 barrels tar.

C. C. Railroad—21 casks spirits turpentine, 31 barrels rosin, 64 barrels tar, 28 barrels crude turpentine.

Total—Cotton, 2 bales; spirits turpentine, 101 casks; rosin, 84 barrels; tar, 124 barrels; crude turpentine, 52 barrels.

FORT CASWELL NOTES.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

FORT CASWELL, N. C., August 8.—The schooner *C. C. Meader* has arrived at Southport, and is discharging her coal for the Cape Fear Towing Company.

The sharpie *Bessie Moore* is at the government wharf with a cargo of soft coal for the Q. M. D.

There will be target practice for this command with the big guns in a few days. The boys are very busy with their drills preparing for the practice.

THE TALLULAH LYNCHING.

Italian Authorities View the Occurrence As One of Unusual Atrocity—No Mitigating Circumstances.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—The State Department has received from the Italian authorities here a copy of the report made by the Marquis Romano, secretary of the Italian embassy, on his investigation of the lynching of five Italians in Louisiana. The report presents the affair in a serious light, and shows that the Italian authorities view the occurrence as one of unusual atrocity. It contends that there were no mitigating circumstances; that Dr. Hodges first drew a weapon and that the first shot fired by Defatta was in defence of his fallen brother and not a wanton attack. Describing the affair in detail, the report points out that some time after the first two men were lynched the mob made a second and third visit to the jail, from whence they removed and lynched the three other Italians, all of whom, it is contended, were in utter ignorance of the assault on Dr. Hodges. Conceding some extenuating circumstances in the lynching of the other men immediately concerned in the killing, Romano contends that the lynching of the other three was a thing of particular atrocity.

WARM WIRELETS.

Andrew Carnegie has given 10,000 pounds sterling to found a public library at Keighley, Yorkshire, Eng.

Mrs. McKinley continues to improve, and the President and his wife have now decided to remain two weeks longer at Plattsburg, N. Y, and probably until September 1st.

A conference of Populist party leaders of Georgia, held in Atlanta, determined to put out State, county and municipal tickets next year. The conference declared against fusion.

The Argentine squadron, escorting President Roca, of the Argentine Republic, has arrived at Rio de Janeiro. Fetes lasting nine days have been arranged in honor of President Roca.

J. L. Green, a well-known young college student of Fort Scott, Kas., who for the last two years has been in Cuba, first as a major in the Cuban army and later as an officer in Roosevelt's Rough Riders, was killed in a duel at Sancti Spiritus, Cuba, last Friday, by an officer in the Cuban army.

During Tuesday telegraphic communication with the islands of the West Indies east of Santo Domingo was cut off. The hurricane centre was apparently approaching Porto Rico. Hurricane warnings were carried westward to Santiago, Cuba, and shipping bound north and east from Cuban and Jamaican ports were advised to remain in port.

Melvin Washington, negro, shot and kill Deputy Sheriff Van. B. Jackson at Bristol, Fla., Monday morning. He then took to the swamp with a white posse after him. Yesterday morning Washington was captured and placed in the Bristol jail. A mob last night threatened to take him from the jail and lynch him.

ACTS GENTLY ON THE
KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS
CLEANSES THE SYSTEM
DISPELS COLDS EFFECTUALLY,
OVERCOMES HEADACHES & FEVERS
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION
PERMANENTLY
TO GET
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BUY THE GENUINE—MAN'F'D BY
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BUSINESS LOCALS.

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For Sale—A nice light Yawl, 14 feet 4 inches long, 4 feet 6 inches wide. A good row and surf boat. Jas. I. Metts. aug 8 tf

Taylor's Studio—I will open my studio in the new building, corner Front and Princess streets, about August 15, and will be glad to furnish the public with all kinds of first-class Photographs and Life Size Portraits and Frames. Very respectfully, Paul M. Taylor. jy 25 tf

I Am Agent for the "Randolf" Buggy and also of other work. Come and see me when in need of Buggies and Harness. P. H. Hayden. aug 8 tf

Highest Cash Prices for Beeswax, Deertongue, Eggs, Chickens, Timber, etc. Number one Farm Horse for sale. T. D. Love, 24 North Water street. jy 30 tf

Large consignment Mt. Airy Apples in to-day. Choice stock for quick sale. Bananas, Oranges, Lemons and Choice Confections. Best Up-country Butter always on hand. A. S. Winstead, Second street, corner postoffice green. jy 29 tf

Photographic Notice—U. C. Ellis, Photographer, has returned and is now at his old stand, 114 Market street. jy 16 tf

City Lots For Sale—Cheap for cash, or sold on time on sufficient margin. Apply to Geo. H. Howell, Attorney at Law, room No. 5 Smith building. jy 15 1m

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 2 tf

Wanted—Peaches, Apples, Plums, Grapes and all kinds of Fruits. Also, all kinds of Produce. Good prices and prompt returns guaranteed. R. B. Moore, Commission Merchant, No. 5 Dock street. je 11 tf

Rock Salt, Hay, Grain, fresh-ground Meal, Hominy, and all kinds of mixed Feed. John S. McEachern, 311 Market street. Telephones No. 92. my 28 tf

Turpentine Still and Fixtures complete. For sale low. The Worth Co. apr 7 tf

For Sale—At Burgaw, in good order, one 15 horse-power Engine and Boiler, one 50 saw Cotton Gin, one Brooks Press. Apply to The Worth Co. fe 28 tf

Mrs. W. E. Mayo has opened the New Ocean View Hotel

FOR THE SEASON. Meals served promptly at all hours. Every accommodation for comfort of guests. Charges reasonable. Special rates for families. je 28 tf

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LEE H. BATTLE, Cashier.
jy 29 tf

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A Useful Household Present
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Look in our Window.

Same place—115 Princess Street.
P. S.—
WE SELL SHOES.
MERCER & EVANS.
aug 6 tf

Mortgage Sale.

NORTH CAROLINA,
NEW HANOVER COUNTY.

By virtue of the provisions of a certain deed of mortgage made and executed by Prince C. Nixon and Gracie Ann Nixon to the Trustees of the Cape Fear Fire Engine Company No. 3 of the City of Wilmington, duly recorded in book 19, pages 687 et seq. of the records of New Hanover county, which was for value assigned to the undersigned on the 8th day of January, 1896 the undersigned assignee of said mortgage, will expose for sale on Friday the 8th day of September, 1899, at the Court House door of the county of New Hanover, in Wilmington, at 12 o'clock M., for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described property in said deed of mortgage.

1st Lot. Beginning at a point in the eastern line of 19th street 132 feet south from its intersection with the southern line of Wooster street and running thence southwardly along the said western line of 19th street 66 feet, thence east and parallel with Wooster street 165 feet, thence north and parallel with 19th street 66 feet, thence east and parallel with Wooster street 165 feet to the beginning, being part of Lot 3, Block 56.

2nd Lot. Beginning at the southeastern intersection of 14th and Chesnut streets, and running thence east along the southern line of Chesnut street 165 feet, thence south parallel with 14th street 66 feet, thence west parallel with Chesnut street 165 feet to the eastern line of 14th street, and thence north along said line of said street 66 feet to the beginning

Dated this 5th day of August, 1899.

CHARITY HENRY.
By John D. Bellamy Attorney. au 8 3t

FRESH CAKES.

110 BOXES LEMON CAKES.
100 BOXES ASSORTED CAKES.
25 CASES 10c MILK.
30 CASES HORSFORD'S.
156 BOXES GREEN COFFEE.
20 CASES ARBUCKLE'S COFFEE.
25 PICNIC CHEESE.
3000 PIECES BAGGING.
3500 BUNDLES TIES.
59 BARRELS RICE.
25 BAGS JAVA RICE.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer,
aug 3 tf Wilmington, N. C.

WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 1ST, 1899,

the Schedule of the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Ocean View.
6.30 A. M.	7.45 A. M.
10 10 A. M.	11 30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	3.45 P. M.
5.00 P. M.	6 00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.	10.00 P. M.
SUNDAY.	
10 10 A. M.	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	6.00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.	9.00 P. M.

Every Friday and Saturday night, on account of Club and Hotel dances, the 7.15 P. M train will leave the beach at 11.00 P. M. instead of 10.00.

aug 1 tf R. OSCAR GRANT, Supt.

BATHING CAPS.

Fresh Stock.

JAS. D. NUTT,
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
je 20 tf Wilmington, N. C

Carolina Beach and Southport Schedule.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 6TH, BOAT LEAVES FOR CAROLINA BEACH,

6 and 9.15 A. M., 3, 5.15 and 7 30 P. M. Train leaves Beach, 7 A. M.; 1, 3.45, 6 and 8 30 P. M.

No 7.30 P. M. boat from Wilmington and no 8.30 P. M. boat from Beach on Mondays

Fare to pier and return on 5.15 and 7.30 P. M. boats, 15c.

Leaves Sunday, 10 A. M., 2.30 P. M. and 7.30 P. M. Leaves Beach, 12 30, 6 and 8.30 P. M.

FOR SOUTHPORT,

boat leaves 9.15 and 10.15 A. M., and 3 P. M. Leaves Southport, 6 30 A. M., 12 M., 2.30 P. M.

Freight for Southport received only on 9.15 boat.

J. W. HARPER, Manager.
je 6 tf

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e 15 tf JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A.

N. F. PARKER,
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Special Bargains every week. My prices are spot cash, but to reliable parties I will sell on terms suited to the consumer. aug 1 tf

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Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

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Total annual expenses, including board, fuel, lights, etc., $118.50.
One hundred and twenty scholarships carrying free tuition and lodging are open to needy boys Appointments made by any member of the Legislature.

ELEVENTH SESSION OPENS SEPTEMBER 6TH, 1899.

Candidates for admission may be examined in each county court house at 10 A. M., AUGUST 19TH, 1899, by the County Superintendent, or at the College in Raleigh, SEPTEMBER 6TH, 1899.
For catalogue, address
PRESIDENT GEO. T. WINSTON,
aug 8 tf WEST RALEIGH, N. C.

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this week. They are handsome and will catch your eye. Come in and look them over. All other Goods accordingly. SAVE MONEY by buying of us. Prices "CUT NO FIGURE" this season of the year.

M. H. CURRAN,
aug 6 tf **107 PRINCESS STREET.**

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GEORGE CAMPBELL, Prop.
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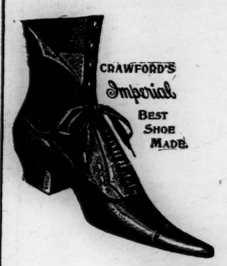
WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH is not only noted for its Cooling Summer Breezes and matchless view of the Grand Old Atlantic Ocean, but it is the

Most Famous Summer Resort on the Continent.

Nothing will be left undone by the management of the Seashore to promote the comfort of its guests. The Cuisine is up to the highest standard of excellence. Drinking water furnished by Artesian Well.

SPECIAL RAILROAD RATES FROM CHARLOTTE, GREENSBORO, RALEIGH, GOLDSBORO AND OTHER POINTS.

SURF BATHING----STILL WATER BATHING.
je 6 tf



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You can buy a genuine Ladies' Vici Kid button or lace Shoe at $1.50. A good Commonsense lace Shoe, solid leather, at $1.25. A nice dress Shoe, up-to date, lace or button, at $2 00. The Picnic line, up-to date, silk vested top, lace for button, at $2.00. The Hamilton Brown Old Ladies' Shoe, lace or elastic, soft as a glove, at $2 00.

MENS' SHOES!

The Battle Axe line is up-to-date in all the new style toes, lace and congress at $1.75 to $2.00. We have a nice Tan Shoe, new goods, all solid, at $1.25.

Drop in and examine our line of Tan and Black Vici Kid shoes. We will take pleasure in showing you through our stock.

We want to increase our business, and in order to do so we will sell Shoes at a very small profit. We have just gotten in a nice line of Ladies' and Gent's new Shoes this week, and we invite you to call in and look through our stock.

Remember the place, 109 Market street, with the door and window full of Shoes.

Our terms are Strictly CASH. Store will be open every night until half past 8 o'clock.

GEO. O. GAYLORD'S
aug 6 tf NEW SHOE STORE.

FOR SALE.
THE KING GROCERY CO.

offer for sale their entire business, consisting of Good Will, Stock, Fixtures, Horses and Wagons. If buyer prefers, will sell Stock and Fixtures without Horses and Wagons. They are now doing a three thousand dollar business per month, and it has steadily increased since they began in 1897. The business is profitable, and it is EVERY CENT CASH. The manager can give satisfactory reasons for selling.

B. F. KING, Manager.
aug 6 tf

WHOSE HEAD

Aches? Yours? If so, what is the cause? Does a little worry or over work bring that tight, sore, uneasy aching sensation at the base or the brain just back of the ear? Have you ever thought it might be due to your eyes? Could we convince you by relieving it with Glasses? This is one of the "eye headaches" so common with those having pronounced refractive errors Proper Glasses will correct the defect. The cause removed the effects disappear.

DINGELHOEF BROS., OCULO OPTICIANS,
PARLOR NO. 123, MARKET STREET.

NEW CARPETS

THEY ARE ARRIVING, MANY HAVE COME IN, AND OTHERS TO FOLLOW.

OUR BUYER having visited the markets early, has shown exceptionally good taste in CAREFULLY SKIMMING and accepting none but the Pure and Unadulterated Cream.

AXMINSTERS, - VELVETS, - TAPESTRIES,

EXTRA SUPERS and AXMINSTER ART SQUARES. THE ART SQUARES

Are something very artistic in design and made of best goods, and are well worthy of your consideration. The Carpets are most exquisite in effects, and those who have homes to furnish will make a mistake by not seeing them before making their purchase.

An invitation is extended to all, to call and inspect the stock.

The best work guaranteed and promptness is a characteristic of the house.

Yours, truly,

A. D. BROWN,
aug 6 tf Agent for "Her Majesty's" Corsets and Butterick's Patterns.